

TOWN OF LAKE PARK FLORIDA



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TOWN OF LAKE PARK, FLORIDA

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2010

Prepared by Finance Department

Anne M. Costello Finance Director

THE TOWN OF LAKE PARK, FLORIDA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

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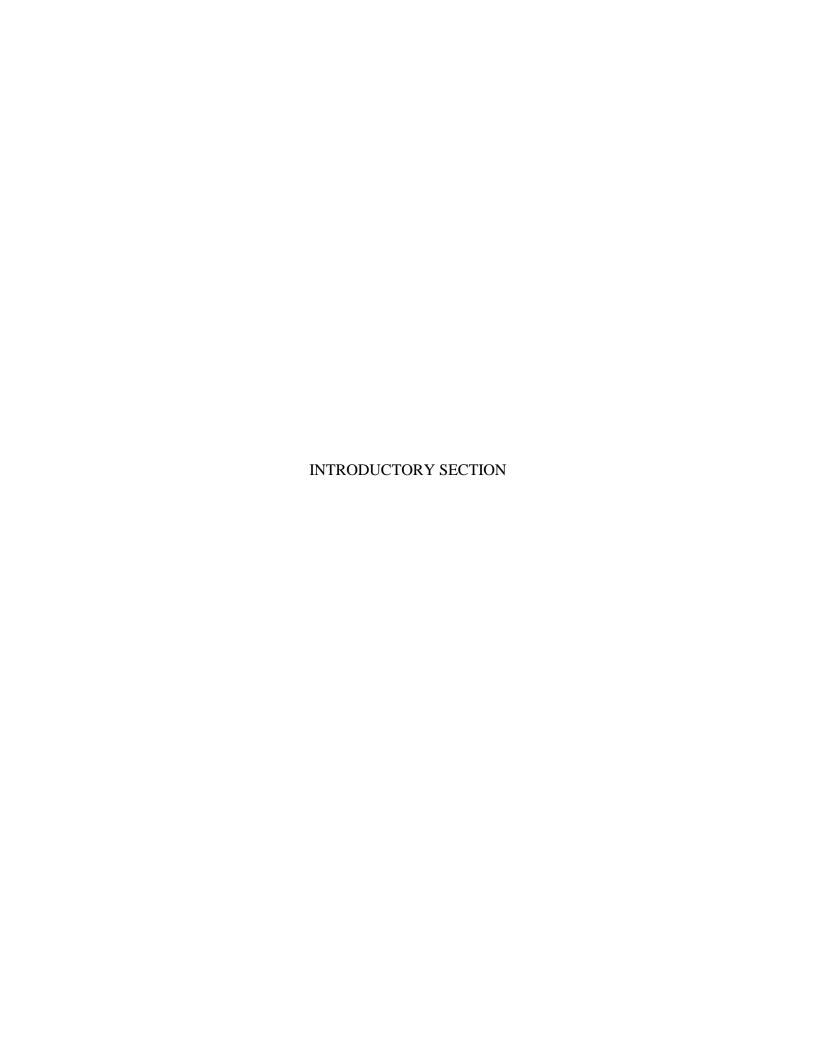
THE TOWN OF LAKE PARK, FLORIDA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

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Finance Department June 1, 2011

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Commission and Citizens Town of Lake Park, Florida

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of Lake Park, Florida, (the "Town") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, is hereby submitted. Florida law and the Rules of the Auditor General for the State of Florida require every municipality to complete a set of audited financial statements annually within twelve months of the close of the fiscal year. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the year ended September 30, 2010.

This report consists of management's representation concerning the finances of the Town of Lake Park. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of Lake Park has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the Town assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of Lake Park's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of Lake Park's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of Lake Park's financial statements have been audited by Nowlen, Holt & Miner, P.A., certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Lake Park for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in financial statements; assign the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the Town of Lake Park's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the Financial Section of this report on page 1.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE TOWN

Originally incorporated in 1923 as Kelsey City, the city was renamed in 1939 to the Town of Lake Park. The Town of Lake Park is a political subdivision of the State of Florida with a population of approximately 9,300 residents, ideally located in the southeastern part of the State on the Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway. The Town is primarily residential but has several types of light industry and shopping centers.

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www.lakeparkflorida.gov

The Town of Lake Park operates under a commission-manager form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in a governing commission consisting of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and three Commissioners. The governing body is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the Town Manager and Town Attorney. The Mayor and Commission members are elected on a non-partisan basis. All are elected for three-year terms.

Since the incorporation of the Town, elections have been staggered with only the Mayor being elected in one election year, two commissioners are elected in the next election year and the remaining two commissioners are elected in the next election year. The Town Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing commission, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government and for appointing the heads of the various departments.

In 2008 the Department of Justice of the United States filed a civil action against the Town alleging that the current at-large method of electing the Commissioners for the Town, enhanced by the use of staggered terms and designated posts, resulted in black citizens of the Town having less opportunity than white citizens to participate in the political process and elect candidates of choice in violation of Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965. Subsequent to the end of Fiscal Year 2009, as a result of the Department of Justice Consent Decree with the Town which requires that the Town change the manner in which candidates for Commission seats are elected by imposing a method known as "Limited Voting", an ordinance was adopted to amend the Charter to reflect this change.

In March of 2010, elections were conducted in this manner and four commissioners were elected in townwide contests under concurrent terms, voters were limited to casting a vote for only one candidate and the four candidates receiving the highest number of votes were elected to the commission. The Mayor will continue to be elected on the current schedule, every three years.

The Town of Lake Park provides a full range of services, including building inspections, code enforcement, residential and commercial sanitation service, recreation and cultural events. Police and fire protection are contracted through Palm Beach County. Water and sewer service is provided through a separate utility authority.

The Town's financial statements also include the Lake Park Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA); a dependent special district established by the Town, under authority granted by Florida Statute 163, Section III. The Town is financially accountable for the CRA which is included in the Town's financial statements as a blended component unit reported in a governmental (special revenue) fund, the CRA Fund.

The Town is required by State law to adopt an annual budget for the general fund. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety) and department (e.g., police). The Town Manager may transfer resources within a department as needed. Budgetary transfers between departments require the approval of the Town Commission.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The Town's economic growth continues to be stymied due to the national recession and collapse of the housing and real estate market. Property values increased dramatically throughout Palm Beach County and the Town of Lake Park between the years of 2002 through 2006, but slowed significantly in 2007. The taxable value of property within the Town decreased 5.5% in 2008, mainly due to the passage of Amendment One (Property Tax Reform) and an additional 15.8% in 2009 due to the economic downturn. Values dropped an additional 17.5% in 2010 bringing the assessed value of property within the Town back to 2005 levels. The relationship of commercial assessments compared to residential assessment has historically been around 50/50. With the decline in the housing market over the past few years this relationship has changed dramatically and has shifted to approximately 70/30. The Town does not anticipate any significant changes in the pace of planned new growth since most of the vacant parcels within the municipal limits have already been developed. It is anticipated that the decline in residential assessments has leveled off however there is concern that the commercial assessments have not reached the bottom yet.

The decrease in taxable values within the Town totaled more than \$255 million, which translated to a loss of over \$2 million dollars in tax revenue or 23% of the General fund. No increase in the millage was proposed or adopted for Fiscal Year 2011. This was the second year in a row that the Town has not increased the tax rate. While public safety costs represent 50% of the General Fund expenditures and consume in excess of 100% of the tax revenue, public safety is paramount to the citizens of the Town. Operational cuts across all departments, excluding public safety, continue to be implemented to counter the loss of revenue. Additional cuts are anticipated in the upcoming budget year as the Town continues to struggle with the declining property values.

The Town continues to look for ways to provide essential services to the public in the most cost efficient, effective way without the health, safety and welfare of the community being compromised. The use of one time sources of revenue for recurring expenditures is not an option given the modest level of reserves and the threat of hurricanes an annual possibility. Alternative sources of revenue and possibly increased fees will be explored for future budgets.

The Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) purchased three residential properties along Foresteria Drive over the last two years. It is anticipated that these properties will be developed for additional downtown parking in the future when the economy improves and economic development occurs in the downtown area. Until additional parking becomes necessary and funds are available to improve the parcels for parking, the properties are being utilized by the Community Development Corporation, a non-profit agency, in collaboration with the Town and the CRA, for the Seeds of Hope Community Garden. The commercial property acquired in 2008, located at 800 Park Avenue, was refurbished and an art studio and gallery opened in March of 2010. Additional improvements are planned for the downtown alleyway between 7th and 8th streets. The CRA has initiated a façade improvement grant program that will provide for up to \$25,000 in matching grant monies to improve building facades. To complement this program, a business development loan program has been established to encourage development of the downtown business district located within the CRA boundaries. Several entities have applied for and received business development grants and loans to open eating establishments within the downtown business district. It is anticipated that these eateries will open by mid-year 2011.

ACCOUNTING AND BUDGETARY CONTROLS

The accounting and financial reporting of the Town's general government operations takes place in four broad categories: the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Insurance Internal Service Fund. The records and reports for these funds are maintained on the modified accrual basis, with revenue being recorded when measurable and available, and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities incurred. Accounting records for the Town's enterprise operations and pension trust funds are maintained on the accrual basis.

Management of the government is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). The internal control is designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimate and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal, state and local awards, the Town is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal control is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control is subject to periodic evaluation by management.

Annually, tests are performed by external auditors to determine the adequacy of the Town's internal control, including that portion related to federal awards programs, as well as to determine that the Town has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

In addition, the government maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with the legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the government's

governing body. Activities of the General Fund, Community Redevelopment Agency, Debt Service Fund and proprietary funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the department level within the individual fund. The government also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

As demonstrated by the basic financial statements and schedules included in the financial section of the report, the government continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

During recent years, the Town has devoted a significant amount of time, energy and resources to the continuing growth and redevelopment of the Town. The Town continued its work with the older neighborhoods to develop improvement plans and then commit the financial resources to help them achieve their goals. Systematic resurfacing of streets and sidewalks and repair of the storm drainage system in the Town has continued.

Stormwater Improvements

Lake Shore Drive is currently a 2 lane, undivided roadway with sidewalks, but without bicycle lanes, located in the center of the Right-of-Way beside and between two Town-owned parks. The proposed improvements will relocate the roadway to the east side of the Right-of-Way and raise it 6" to 12" to eliminate the flooding problems. New curbs, bicycle lanes and sidewalks will be constructed. The 650' portion of the existing roadway between Kelsey Park and Lakeshore Park will be removed and replaced with a pedestrian walkway. The existing drainage system features 4 direct outfalls into Lake Worth without any provision for water quality treatment. The new drainage system will provide water quality treatment for the new roadway and reduce the amount of runoff entering Lake Worth as well as capture a portion of the first flush of stormwater runoff. As part of this project, an asbestos cement water main will be de-activated and replaced by a new ductile iron water main. Various grant programs are being explored to fund these improvements.

Ballfield Restrooms

This project is the demolition and replacement of the restrooms at the community's athletic fields and park that hosts summer camp and afterschool programming. This park serves as recreational space for a majority of our low and moderate income populations, particularly the after-school and summer youth programs. Funding has been secured from the Community Development Block Grant Program.

Marina Parking and Pedestrian Promenade

The Lake Park Harbor Marina project has acquired a parcel of land located adjacent to the Marina's boat trailer lot at the northeast corner of Silver Beach Road and US Highway 1, to expand Marina parking. The lot will provide 30 additional boat trailer parking spaces and 16 standard auto spaces. This lot will increase trailer access by 59%, and provide much needed trailer parking for water access in the County.

The second component of this project involves the construction of a pedestrian promenade, which will provide boaters and the non-boating public with pedestrian access to the waterfront.

Grant funding is being pursued for this initiative.

The Commission and staff are continuing to move ahead with ambitious plans to revitalize the Town, its downtown area and develop the western corridor. Grant monies will continue to be vigorously pursued to supplement Town funds for operations and improvements.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Lake Park for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both U.S Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The Town of Lake Park has received a Certificate of Achievement for the past five years. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

A comprehensive annual financial report of this type and depth, illustrating the results of operations of the entire Town and its various diversified funds and activities, could not have been prepared so completely without the dedication and efficiency of the entire Finance Department staff; Deborah Doiron, Merry Ann Catasus, Dena Davis and Nadine Mensah. Their dedication and hard work is greatly appreciated. My appreciation is also extended to our independent auditors, Nowlen, Holt & Miner, P.A. for their cooperation and guidance.

Special appreciation is extended to the Mayor, Town Commission, Town Manager, and Department Heads for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Town in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Cinnem Costello

Anne M. Costello Director of Finance

TOWN OF LAKE PARK

List of Principal Officials

September 30, 2010

Mayor

Desca DuBois

Vice Mayor

Patricia Osterman

Town Commission

Steve Hockman Jeanine Longtin Kendall R. Rumsey

Town Manager

Maria V. Davis

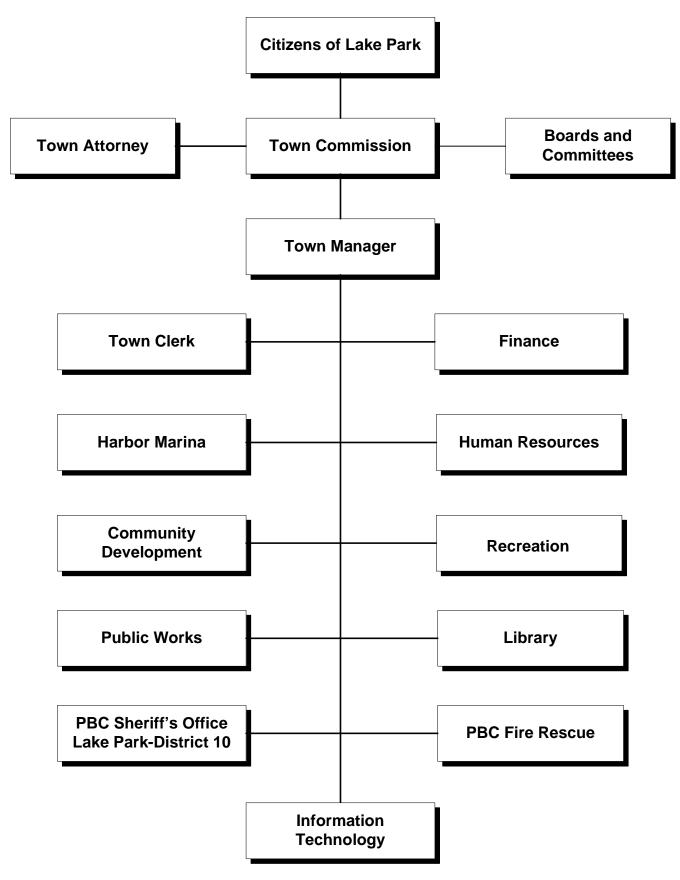
Finance Director

Anne M. Costello

Public Works Director
Community Development Director
Library Director
Recreation Director
Town Clerk
Harbor Marina Director
Human Resources Director
Information Technology Director
Grants Writer

J. David Hunt
Patrick Sullivan
Karen Mahnk
Gregory Dowling
Vivian Mendez Lemley
Michael Pisano
Bambi McKibbon-Turner
Hoa Hoang
Virginia M. Martin

TOWN OF LAKE PARK, FLORIDA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Lake Park Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.







NOWLEN, HOLT & MINER, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

WEST PALM BEACH OFFICE 21.5 FIFTH STREET, SUITE 200 POST OFFICE BOX 347 WEST PALM BEACH, FLORIDA 33402-0347 TELEPHONE (361) 659-3060 FAX (561) 835-0628 WWW.NHMCPA.COM EVERETT B. NOWLEN (1930-1984), CPA EDWARD T. HOLT, CPA WILLIAM B. MINER, CPA ROBERT W. HENDRIX, JR., CPA JANILT R. BARROISYCH, CPA

> KATHLEEN A. MINER, CPA TERRY L. MORTION, JR., CPA N. RONALD BENNETT, CPA J. MICHAEL STEVENS, CPA ALEXIA G. VARGA, CPA BRIAN J. BRESCIA, CPP*, CPA KARA D. PETERSON, CPP EDWARD T. HOLT. JR. CPA EDWARD T. HOLT. JR. CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

BELLE GLADE OFFICE 333 S.E. 2nd STREET POST OFFICE BOX 338 BELLE GLADE, FLORIDA 33430-0338 TELEPHONE (561) 998-5612 FAX (561) 998-6248

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Commission Town of Lake Park, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lake Park, Florida as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Lake Park, Florida's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lake Park, Florida as of September 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 10, 2011, on our consideration of the Town of Lake Park, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that

testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13, Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit trend information on pages 67 through 69, and budgetary comparison information on pages 70 through 78 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Lake Park, Florida's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Nowlen, Holt 4 Miner, P.A.

May 10, 2011 West Palm Beach, Florida

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Town of Lake Park, Florida (Town) administration offers readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that has been furnished in the transmittal letter and the accompanying basic financial statements.

The information contained within this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is only a component of the entire financial statement report. Readers should take time to read and evaluate all sections of the report, including the Notes to the Financial Statements and the Required Supplementary Information that is provided in addition to this MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Government-Wide Financial Statements

- The assets of the Town of Lake Park exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2010 by \$7,299,612. Of this amount, unrestricted net assets of \$1,198,404 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The total net assets decreased by \$1,449,289, of which \$656,553 was attributed to governmental activities and a decrease of \$792,736 was related to business-type activities. The decrease in net assets of the business-type activities of the Town is directly related to the on-going pursuit of the deficiencies and potential litigation related to the construction of the Marina.

Fund Financial Statements

- As of the close of the 2010 Fiscal Year, the Town of Lake Park's General Fund reported ending fund balance of \$3,069,345 a decrease of \$344,605 from the prior year. Of the total, \$2,558,572 is restricted or reserved, specifically designated and not available for spending and \$510,773 is unreserved, undesignated and available for future uses by the Town Commission.
- At the end of the 2010 Fiscal Year, the unreserved fund balance for the General Fund represented 6% of total General Fund expenditures or approximately 25 days of available funding.
- Total long term obligations for the Town decreased \$921,883. General Obligation Bond debt and loans payable decreased in the amount of \$1,007,410, due to scheduled principal payments, along with a decrease in Capital Lease obligations in the amount of \$23,592.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The three components of the financial statements are: (1) Government-wide financial statements that include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole. (2) Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. (3) Notes to the basic financial statements expand upon information reported in the government-wide and governmental fund statements.

REPORTING THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (Government-wide)

A frequently asked question regarding the Town's financial health is whether the year's activities contributed positively to the overall financial well being. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net assets and changes therein. Net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets are an indicator of whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities present information about the following:

- Governmental activities All of the Town's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, community development, public safety, public services, library, and recreation. Property taxes, sales taxes, utility taxes, intergovernmental revenue and franchise fees finance most of these activities.
- Proprietary activities/Business-type activities The Town charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the cost of the services provided. The Town's Sanitation Fund, Stormwater Fund and Marina Fund are reported in this category.

REPORTING THE TOWN'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, management establishes other funds, which aid in the management of money for particular purposes or meet legal responsibilities associated with the usage of certain taxes, grants, and other money. The Town's four kinds of funds, governmental, proprietary, fiduciary, and special revenue, use different accounting approaches as explained below.

- Governmental funds Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how resources flow in and out, with the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information shows whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.
- Enterprise funds The Town has three enterprise funds, Sanitation, Stormwater and Marina, which charge customers for the services they provide. These services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.
- Fiduciary funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-25 of this report.
- Special Revenue funds Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The Town has two funds in this category: the CRA Fund and Streets & Roads Fund. The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26-66 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information for pension benefits can be found on page 67-68 of this report.

The Town adopts annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund and CRA. Budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and CRA are included as *Required Supplementary Information* on pages 70-78 to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The Town also adopts an annual budget for the Streets and Roads Fund, Insurance Fund, and Debt Service Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules for these funds are also included as Other Supplementary Information section of this report. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pages 81-83 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Assets: As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, governmental activity assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,822,639. Business-type activity assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,476,973. The Town-wide total net assets were \$7,299,612 at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. The Statement of Net Assets is on page 14 of this report.

The Town's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment and vehicles, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding) was \$6,014,306 or 81% of total net assets at September 30, 2010. Capital assets total \$19,849,331 at September 30, 2010, or 84% of all assets, which total \$23,359,572. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the net assets (1 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$1,292,814) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets for the current year as compared to the prior year.

		Net Asse	ets			
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Assets: Current and other assets	\$ 4,749,083	\$ 5,897,157	\$ (938,842)	\$ (630,864)	\$ 3,810,241	\$ 5,266,293
Capital assets	10,231,068	10,497,860	9,618,263	10,373,202	19,849,331	20,871,062
Total assets	14,980,151	16,395,017	8,679,421	9,742,338	23,659,572	26,137,355
Liabilities: Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	9,574,538 582,974	10,229,282 686,543	5,945,663 256,785	6,212,802 259,827	15,520,201 839,759	16,442,084 946,370
Total liabilities Net assets:	10,157,512	10,915,825	6,202,448	6,472,629	16,359,960	17,388,454
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	2,204,432 86,902 2,531,305 \$ 4,822,639	2,062,366 96,090 3,320,736 \$ 5,479,192	3,809,874 - (1,332,901) \$ 2,476,973	4,297,968 - (1,028,259) \$ 3,269,709	6,014,306 86,902 1,198,404 \$ 7,299,612	6,360,334 96,090 2,292,477 \$ 8,748,901
Total net assets	\$ 4,822,039	\$ 3,479,192	\$ 2,470,973	\$ 3,269,709	\$ 1,299,012	\$ 8,748,901

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Governmental Activities: Net assets of the governmental activities of the Town have decreased \$656,553 from 2009. Total assets of governmental activities have decreased \$1,414,866 while total liabilities have also decreased \$758,313. Unrestricted net assets are down \$789,431.

Business Activities: Net assets for business activities have decreased \$792,736 form 2009. Total assets are down \$1,062,917 while total liabilities have decreased \$270,181. Unrestricted net assets have further declined by \$304,642. On-going construction deficiency issues and subsequent professional fees for pending litigation at the Marina facility have contributed to the financial condition of business activities.

The following is a summary of the changes in net assets for the years ended September 30, 2010 and 2009:

Changes in Net Assets

		nmental ivities	Busi Acti	ness vities	To	otal	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 960,818	\$ 877,665	\$ 3,191,485	\$ 2,874,363	\$ 4,152,303	\$ 3,752,028	
Operating grants and							
contributions	15,926	11,639		-	15,926	11,639	
Capital grants and							
contributions	62,809	187,795	4,246	206,031	67,055	393,826	
General revenues:							
Taxes	7,490,502	8,897,525		-	7,490,502	8,897,525	
Intergovernmental	1,144,701	893,510		-	1,144,701	893,510	
Investment earnings	54,473	54,121	16,780	7,100	71,253	61,221	
Miscellaneous revenues		102,096		-	-	102,096	
Gain on sale of							
equipment	174		8,355		8,529		
Total revenues	\$ 9,729,403	\$11,024,351	\$ 3,220,866	\$ 3,087,494	\$ 12,950,269	\$14,111,845	

Overall total revenues are down \$1,161,576. Program revenues increased \$77,791 while general revenues have declined \$1,239,367.

Governmental Activities: Revenue collections of taxes including property taxes, franchise fees, utility services taxes, fuel taxes and communication services taxes have decreased \$1,407,023. Property values within the Town decreased an additional 15% in 2010. When combined with the loss in value from Amendment One, property tax reform, values within the Town have decreased more than \$149 million dollars or 20% since 2008. The increase in charges for services of governmental activities is attributable to a change in accounting procedures for billing of fuel reimbursements to Palm Beach County Sheriff's Office.

Business Activities: Charges for services for business activities of the Town have increased \$317,122. This is the result of rate increases in both Sanitation and Stormwater in addition to increased fuel sales at the marina.

	Gover	nmental	Busi	iness				
	Acti	vities	Acti	vities	Total			
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009		
Expenses:								
General government	\$ 2,543,961	\$ 2,656,309	\$	\$	\$ 2,543,961	\$ 2,656,309		
Public safety	5,723,360	5,421,845			5,723,360	5,421,845		
Physical environment	349,637	319,993			349,637	319,993		
Transportation	600,669	659,113			600,669	659,113		
Culture and recreation	987,778	1,242,156			987,778	1,242,156		
Economic Impact	32,063				32,063			
Interest on								
long-term debt	430,289	420,671			430,289	420,671		
Marina			2,005,435	1,734,561	2,005,435	1,734,561		
Sanitation			1,412,372	1,430,694	1,412,372	1,430,694		
Stormwater			313,994	208,668	313,994	208,668		
Total expenses	10,667,757	10,720,087	3,731,801	3,373,923	14,399,558	14,094,010		
Transfers In/(Out)	281,801	212,554	(281,801)	(212,554)				
	(555 550)	51 < 010	(500 504)	(400,000)	(1, 440, 200)	15.005		
Increase in net assets	(656,553)	516,818	(792,736)	(498,983)	(1,449,289)	17,835		
Net assets - beginning	T 150 100	40.00.004	2 2 40 700	2.750.502	0.540.004	0.701.055		
of year	5,479,192	4,962,374	3,269,709	3,768,692	8,748,901	8,731,066		
Net assets - end of year	\$ 4,822,639	\$ 5,479,192	\$ 2,476,973	\$ 3,269,709	\$ 7,299,612	\$ 8,748,901		

Overall net assets decreased \$1,449,289. The decrease in net assets in governmental activities is directly related to the decrease in net assets of business activities. On-going construction deficiencies, remedial measures and pending litigation at the municipal marina has placed an undue burden on the finances of the marina operation. These deficiencies have prevented the marina from fully utilizing the marina facilities hindering its ability to maximize revenues. Pending the final outcome of this situation, the General Fund has advanced funds to the marina to support operations.

Governmental Activities: Changes in expenses from 2009 in Public safety are attributable to the accounting procedures implemented for the fuel reimbursements from the Palm Beach County Sheriff's Office. The increase in expenses for Physical Environment are due to the addition of the parking meter operation. The decrease in Culture and Recreation is due budgetary cuts and the offset of a portion of the Recreation Director's wages to the CRA.

Business-type Activities: The increase in expenses for the Marina Fund are the result of construction deficiencies and professional and legal fees associated with this situation. Expenses in the Stormwater Fund in 2010 reflect twelve months of operations and a full staff whereas 2009 expenses reflect partial year operations and staffing.

Financial Analysis of the Governments' Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Lake Park uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town's governmental fund financial statements is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable

resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At September 30, 2010, the Town's primary operating fund, the General Fund, reported ending fund balance of \$3,069,345 a decrease of \$344,605 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$543,197 is considered unreserved fund balance however; \$32,424 is designated for specific purposes; (1) Community Improvement Beautification (CIB) Fund and (2) library donations designated for improvements. The balance, \$510,773 is undesignated and available for spending at the Town's discretion however it is recommended that these funds be maintained at this level in the event of an emergency such as a hurricane. The remainder of fund balance (\$2,526,148) is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed (1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$62,849), (2) for inventories and prepaid expenses (\$235,961), (3) for capital projects (\$120,800), (4) as advances to other funds, in particular to cover the cash deficit in the pooled cash of the Marina Fund (\$2,050,000).

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 6 percent (approximately 25 days) of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 36 percent of that same amount. A sound financial management policy would dictate that the unreserved, undesignated fund balance be maintained between 10-25% of total expenditures. To that end, the budget for Fiscal Year 2011 has been constructed to provide an increase in the fund balance at the end of the year, absent significant revenue shortfalls or at least be able to maintain the current level of fund balance in the event of revenue shortfalls.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The annual General Fund budget is adopted after two public hearings and approval of the Town Commission. Any amendments that would exceed the original budget at the fund level or would require funds to be transferred from contingency would require a formal budget amendment requiring the adoption of a resolution by the Town Commission. The original General Fund appropriation was increased \$212,515 by the Town Commission during the year.

The budget was amended for new programs implemented after the adoption of the budget, revenues and corresponding expenditures not anticipated during the budget process. These items had no appropriations in the original budget. Additionally there were changes to the method to account for transactions related to fuel reimbursements from the Sheriff's office and debt payments associated with an inter-local agreement between the Town and the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA).

The schedule below reconciles the original and amended (final) General Fund budget for Fiscal Year 2010:

Original adopted budget October 1, 2009

\$ 9,724,755

Additions to budget: New programs

\$ 9,430

Reimbursements – Fuel
Inter-local agreement with the CRA
Final budget September 30, 2010

\$ 111,765 \$ 91,320 \$ 9,937,270

There were no amendments to the adopted budget of the Community Redevelopment Agency in Fiscal Year 2010.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town's total investment in capital assets at September 30, 2010 was \$19,849,331 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings, equipment and vehicles and infrastructure. The Town's net capital assets at September 30, 2010 and 2009 are summarized as follows:

Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	 Governmental Activities			Business Activities				Total			
	 2010		2009	2010	_	2009		2010		2009	
Land Construction in	\$ 2,691,891	\$	2,688,733	\$ 81,157	\$	81,157	\$	2,773,048	\$	2,769,890	
progress	29,622		31,170	382,946		309,826		412,568		340,996	
Buildings Equipment and	3,238,303		3,422,038	-		-		3,238,303		3,422,038	
vehicles Streets, roads, and	414,038		496,665	1,024,931		1,376,354		1,438,969		1,873,019	
sidewalks	 3,857,214		3,859,254	8,129,229	_	8,605,865		11,986,443	_	12,465,119	
Total assets	\$ 10,231,068	\$	10,497,860	\$ 9,618,263	\$	10,373,202	\$	19,849,331	\$	20,871,062	

Capital projects completed during Fiscal Year 2010 included the following:

- Installation of the parking meter system in and around Lake Shore Park and at the municipal Marina.
- Construction of a parking lot adjacent to the northern lot of the Marina to accommodate overflow vehicles from the Marina due to traffic from charter boat customers.
- Lighting improvements along a portion of Bayberry Drive.
- Installation of security cameras at the ballfield complex.
- Demolition of existing structures located at 711,725 and 761 Foresteria Drive.
- Renovation of and improvements to 800 Park Avenue for the Art on Park Studios and Gallery.
- Phase I improvements to Ilex Park including irrigation and landscaping with funding from the Department of Agriculture, Division of Urban Forestry Grant.
- Upgrade of the server at the municipal library.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note #6 on pages 44-45 of this report.

Long-term debt. At year end 2010 the Town had \$15.4 million of outstanding debt. No new debt was incurred during fiscal year 2010. The debt position of the Town is summarized as follows:

	Gover	nmental	Bus	iness		
	Act	ivities	Activities			otal
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Loans Payable	\$ 9,303,069	\$ 10,050,675	5,752,147	6,011,951	\$ 15,055,216	\$ 16,062,626
Capital lease						
obligations	9,767	28,702	2,403	7,060	12,170	35,762
Other Post-						
Emp. Benefits	8,967	-	3,367	-	12,334	-
Pension contrib.						
payable	94,410	-	-	-	94,410	-
Compensated						
absenses	158,325	149,905	46,485	46,275	204,810	196,180
Unamortized						
premium			141,261	147,516	141,261	147,516
Total	\$ 9,574,538	\$ 10,229,282	\$ 5,945,663	\$ 6,212,802	\$ 15,520,201	\$ 16,442,084

Additional information on the Town's debt can be found in Note #8 on pages 46-55 of this report.

Economic factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town, along with all other surrounding communities, saw a decrease in the taxable value of properties due to the economic decline experienced nationwide. Values dropped an additional 17.5% within the Town. The taxable assessed value of homes within the Town has dropped below the 2005 level. Combined with the decreases of the previous two years, this drop in equates to a loss of more than \$2 million dollars in tax revenue per year.

For fiscal year 2010-2011 the Town Commission adopted a General Fund budget of \$8,955,965 compared with the final amended budget for fiscal year 2009-2010 in the amount of \$9,937,270. The operating millage rate remained the same as the previous two fiscal years, 8.5163 mills. Due to the declining values, the debt millage rate increased to 1.70 mills to meet debt service requirements of the General Obligation bonds of 1997 and 1998.

The greatest impact on the General Fund expenditures is Public Safety which represents 50% of the total and uses 100% of the property tax revenue plus an additional \$741,025 of other revenues of the Town. In an effort to off-set some of the impact on the General Fund revenue, the Town Commission installed a parking meter system along the waterfront areas of the Town to generate additional monies to fund other services of the Town. Operational cuts across the all departments were implemented and furlough days were mandated to offset the loss of revenue.

There were no rate increases adopted for the sanitation and stormwater enterprise operations for Fiscal Year 2011. The dockage rates and utility fee at Marina were increased to offset inflationary increases to the cost of operations.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability. Questions concerning information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to:

Finance Department Town of Lake Park 535 Park Avenue Lake Park, FL 33403 (561) 881-3350



TOWN OF LAKE PARK, FLORIDA

Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2010

Pooled cash and cash equivalents		vernmental Activities	asiness-type Activities	Total
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 196,150 196,150 Investments 42,390 23,599 65,989 Accounts receivable, net 221,993 132,410 354,003 Notes receivable 63,875 63,875 63,875 Due from other governments 152,292 67,426 219,718 Internal balances 2,012,683 (2,012,683) 18,742 Inventory 9,022 17,524 26,546 Prepaid items 313,118 87,422 87,422 Capital assets not being depreciated 2,721,513 464,103 3,185,616 Capital assets not being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities Accounts payable 105,852 75,638 181,490 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940	Assets			
Investments 42,390 23,599 65,989 Accounts receivable, net 221,993 132,410 354,403 Notes receivable 63,875 63,875 63,875 Due from other governments 152,292 67,426 219,718 Internal balances 2,012,683 (2,012,683) Inventory 9,022 17,524 26,546 Prepaid items 313,118 313,118 Unamortized bond costs 87,422 87,422 Capital assets 2 464,103 3,185,616 Capital assets not being depreciated 2,721,513 464,103 3,185,616 Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accounts payable 105,852 75,638 181,490 Accrued interest payable 19,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940	Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,737,560	\$ 745,460	\$ 2,483,020
Accounts receivable, net 221,993 132,410 354,403 Notes receivable 63,875 63,875 Due from other governments 152,292 67,426 219,718 Internal balances 2,012,683 (2,012,683) Inventory 9,022 17,524 26,546 Prepaid items 313,118 313,118 313,118 Unamortized bond costs 87,422 87,422 87,422 Capital assets not being depreciated 2,721,513 464,103 3,185,616 Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities 36,200,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643	Restricted cash and cash equivalents	196,150		196,150
Notes receivable 63,875 63,875 Due from other governments 152,292 67,426 219,718 Internal balances 2,012,683 (2,012,683) Inventory 9,022 17,524 26,546 Prepaid items 313,118 313,118 Unamortized bond costs 87,422 87,422 Capital assets not being depreciated 2,721,513 464,103 3,185,616 Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities 3 464,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383	Investments	42,390	23,599	65,989
Due from other governments 152,292 67,426 219,718 Internal balances 2,012,683 (2,012,683) 1 Inventory 9,022 17,524 26,546 Prepaid items 313,118 313,118 Unamortized bond costs 87,422 87,422 Capital assets 2 87,422 87,422 Capital assets not being depreciated 2,721,513 464,103 3,185,616 Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities 3 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 2 28,717 1,136,862 Due within one year 848,145 288,717	Accounts receivable, net	221,993	132,410	354,403
Internal balances 2,012,683 (2,012,683) Inventory 9,022 17,524 26,546 Prepaid items 313,118 313,118 Unamortized bond costs 87,422 87,422 Capital assets Capital assets not being depreciated 2,721,513 464,103 3,185,616 Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities 36,679,421 23,659,572 Accounts payable 105,852 75,638 181,490 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 288,717 1,136,862 Due within one year 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 <td>Notes receivable</td> <td>63,875</td> <td></td> <td>63,875</td>	Notes receivable	63,875		63,875
Inventory 9,022 17,524 26,546 Prepaid items 313,118 313,118 Unamortized bond costs 87,422 87,422 Capital assets 87,422 87,422 Capital assets not being depreciated 2,721,513 464,103 3,185,616 Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities Accounts payable 105,852 75,638 181,490 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 10 2,264,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306	Due from other governments	152,292	67,426	219,718
Prepaid items 313,118 313,118 Unamortized bond costs 87,422 87,422 Capital assets 87,422 87,422 Capital assets not being depreciated 2,721,513 464,103 3,185,616 Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities Accounts payable 105,852 75,638 181,490 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 20 20,643 80,700 Due within one year 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets 1 2	Internal balances	2,012,683	(2,012,683)	
Unamortized bond costs 87,422 87,422 Capital assets Capital assets not being depreciated 2,721,513 464,103 3,185,616 Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities 36,000 15,489 62,289 Accounts payable 105,852 75,638 181,490 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due within one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: Debt serv	Inventory	9,022	17,524	26,546
Capital assets Capital assets not being depreciated 2,721,513 464,103 3,185,616 Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities Accounts payable 105,852 75,638 181,490 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: Debt service 86,902 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	Prepaid items	313,118		313,118
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 2,721,513 464,103 3,185,616 Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities 46,800,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 20e within one year 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: 2,531,305 (1,332,9	Unamortized bond costs		87,422	87,422
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities 4,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities 5,638 181,490 Accounts payable 105,852 75,638 181,490 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	Capital assets			
accumulated depreciation 7,509,555 9,154,160 16,663,715 Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities 4,000 15,489 181,490 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 20,643 80,700 Due within one year 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Debt service 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	Capital assets not being depreciated	2,721,513	464,103	3,185,616
Total assets 14,980,151 8,679,421 23,659,572 Liabilities Accounts payable 105,852 75,638 181,490 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: Debt service 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	Capital assets being depreciated, net of			
Liabilities Accounts payable 105,852 75,638 181,490 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 36,940 288,717 1,136,862 Due within one year 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: 2,004,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	accumulated depreciation	7,509,555	9,154,160	16,663,715
Accounts payable 105,852 75,638 181,490 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 Nous within one year 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 30,000	Total assets	14,980,151	8,679,421	23,659,572
Accounts payable 105,852 75,638 181,490 Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 Nous within one year 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 30,000	Liabilities			
Accrued expenses 46,800 15,489 62,289 Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 38,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404		105.852	75,638	181,490
Accrued interest payable 59,465 88,875 148,340 Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: Debt service 86,902 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	± •		,	
Unearned revenue 310,800 56,140 366,940 Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: Debt service 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	<u> </u>			
Deposits 60,057 20,643 80,700 Noncurrent liabilities: 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due within one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: Debt service 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	± •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year 848,145 288,717 1,136,862 Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: Debt service 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404				
Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	•	,	,	,
Due in more than one year 8,726,393 5,656,946 14,383,339 Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	Due within one year	848,145	288,717	1,136,862
Total liabilities 10,157,512 6,202,448 16,359,960 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: Debt service 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404		8,726,393		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,157,512	6,202,448	16,359,960
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 2,204,432 3,809,874 6,014,306 Restricted for: 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	Net Assets			
Restricted for: 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	- 101 11	2.204.432	3.809.874	6.014.306
Debt service 86,902 86,902 Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404	•	_, :, : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	2,002,071	5,511,500
Unrestricted 2,531,305 (1,332,901) 1,198,404		86 902		86 902
			(1.332.901)	,
		\$ 4,822,639	\$ 2,476,973	\$ 7,299,612

TOWN OF LAKE PARK, FLORIDA

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Activities		
Government:						
Governmental activities						
General government	\$	2,543,961	\$	58,700		
Public safety		5,723,360		786,338		
Physical environment		349,637				
Transportation		600,669		40,396		
Culture and recreation		987,778		75,384		
Economic environmnet		32,063				
Interest on long-term debt		430,289				
Total governmental activities		10,667,757		960,818		
Business-type activities						
Marina		2,005,435		1,166,201		
Sanitation		1,412,372		1,510,419		
Stormwater	313,994			514,865		
Total business-type activities		3,731,801		3,191,485		
Total	\$	14,399,558	\$	4,152,303		

	n Revenues		Net Expense (Revenue) and								
Operating	Capital	_	Changes in Net Assets								
Grants and	Grants and			nmental		siness-type					
Contributions	Contribution	<u></u>	Act	ivities	A	ctivities		Total			
\$	\$	9	\$ (2	2,485,261)	\$		\$	(2,485,261)			
	3,	379		1,933,643)				(4,933,643)			
				(349,637)				(349,637)			
	16,	180		(544,093)				(544,093)			
15,926	43,	250		(853,218)				(853,218)			
				(32,063)				(32,063)			
				(430,289)				(430,289)			
15,926	62,	809	(9	9,628,204)				(9,628,204)			
						(839,234)		(839,234)			
						98,047		98,047			
	4	246				205,117		205,117			
		246				(536,070)		(536,070)			
\$ 15,926	\$ 67,0	055	(9	9,628,204)		(536,070)		(10,164,274)			
G 15											
General Revenues:											
Taxes:				. 110 10 <i>c</i>				5 110 106			
Property taxes Franchise fees			•	5,448,106 569,868				5,448,106			
Utility service ta	VAC			771,384				569,868 771,384			
Local option gas				236,960				236,960			
Communication				464,184				464,184			
	overnmental shared r	evenues		1,144,701				1,144,701			
Gain on sale of sur		evenues		174		8,355		8,529			
Investment earning				54,473		16,780		71,253			
Transfers	,0			281,801		(281,801)		71,200			
	revenues and transfer	rs _	8	3,971,651		(256,666)	_	8,714,985			
Change in net assets				(656,553)		(792,736)		(1,449,289)			
Net assets, beginning	of year	_	:	5,479,192		3,269,709		8,748,901			
Net assets, end of year	nr		\$ 4	1,822,639	\$	2,476,973	\$	7,299,612			

TOWN OF LAKE PARK, FLORIDA

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2010

	ľ	Major Govern	ımen	tal Funds	N	onmajor	Total		
				CRA		ernmental	Go	vernmental	
		General		Fund	Funds			Funds	
Assets									
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	921,504	\$	658,284	\$	146,813	\$	1,726,601	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		120,800		75,350				196,150	
Investments		37,786		3,417		1,187		42,390	
Accounts receivable, net		221,188		805				221,993	
Notes receivable				63,875				63,875	
Due from other governments		104,366				47,926		152,292	
Due from other funds		854,181		1,091,081				1,945,262	
Advances to other funds		2,106,538						2,106,538	
Inventory		9,022						9,022	
Prepaid items		226,939		23,544				250,483	
Total assets	\$	4,602,324	\$	1,916,356	\$	195,926	\$	6,714,606	
Liabilities and fund balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable		76,139		19,242		3,687		99,068	
Accrued items		41,636		2,980		2,184		46,800	
Deferred revenue		264,336				46,464		310,800	
Due to other funds		1,091,081		841,081		13,100		1,945,262	
Advance from other funds				56,538				56,538	
Deposits		59,787		270				60,057	
Total liabilities	\$	1,532,979	\$	920,111	\$	65,435	\$	2,518,525	
Fund balances									
Reserved for/reported in:									
Inventories and prepaids		235,961		23,544				259,505	
Encumbrances		62,849		55,812				118,661	
Advances to other funds		2,106,538						2,106,538	
Debt service/debt service fund						86,902		86,902	
Capital projects		120,800		75,350				196,150	
Unreserved									
Designated for community improvement		10,000						10,000	
Designated for library improvements		22,424						22,424	
Undesignated, reported in									
General fund		510,773						510,773	
Special revenue funds				841,539		803		842,342	
Capital projects funds						42,786		42,786	
Total fund balances		3,069,345		996,245		130,491		4,196,081	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,602,324	\$	1,916,356	\$	195,926	\$	6,714,606	

TOWN OF LAKE PARK, FLORIDA

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets Governmental Funds September 30, 2010

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 4,196,081
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds: Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 16,512,536 (6,281,468)	10,231,068
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt	(59,465)	
Compensated absences	(158,325)	
Other post-employement benefits	(8,967)	
Pension payable	(94,410)	
Loans payable	(4,498,425)	
General obligation bonds	(4,804,644)	
Capital leases	 (9,767)	(9,634,003)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the		
statement of net assets.		 29,493
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 4,822,639

TOWN OF LAKE PARK

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Major Governmental Funds		Nonmajor	Total	
		CRA	Governmental	Governmental	
	General	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 6,030,552	\$	\$ 758,806	\$ 6,789,358	
Licenses and permits	526,201			526,201	
Intergovernmental	1,299,144	250,104	389,385	1,938,633	
Charges for services	352,993	22,290		375,283	
Fines and forfeitures	120,890			120,890	
Miscellaneous	294,946	5,951	2,040	302,937	
Total revenues	8,624,726	278,345	1,150,231	10,053,302	
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	1,522,636	905,218	4,813	2,432,667	
Public safety	5,484,119			5,484,119	
Physical environment	308,366			308,366	
Transportation	355,078		226,346	581,424	
Culture and recreation	807,799	51,156		858,955	
Economic environment		32,063		32,063	
Capital outlay	139,785	254,159	96,230	490,174	
Debt service					
Principal	237,204		529,337	766,541	
Interest charges	199,100		243,683	442,783	
Total expenditures	9,054,087	1,242,596	1,100,409	11,397,092	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(429,361)	(964,251)	49,822	(1,343,790)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	665,080	545,904	37,832	1,248,816	
Transfer out	(580,324)	(308,779)	(77,912)		
				(967,015)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	84,756	237,125	(40,080)	281,801	
Net change in fund balances	(344,605)	(727,126)	9,742	(1,061,989)	
Fund balances					
Beginning of year	3,413,950	1,723,371	120,749	5,258,070	
End of year	\$ 3,069,345	\$ 996,245	\$ 130,491	\$ 4,196,081	

TOWN OF LAKE PARK

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (1,061,989)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those		
assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 490,174	
Less: current year depreciation	(752,442)	(262,268)
Gains and losses on disposal of capital assets are reported in the statement		
of activities, whereas in the governmental funds the proceeds from the sale		
increases financial resources. The difference is the net book value of the		
assets retired.		(4,524)
Governmental Funds report revenues when earned and		
available. However, in the Statement of Activities, revenues are		
recognized when earned, regardless of availability.		
Urban Forestry Grant		
The repayment (issuance) of long-term debt consumes (provides) the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, these transactions do not have any effect on net assets of the governmental activities.		
Long term debt repayments:	504 650	
General obligation bonds	524,679	
Loans payable	222,927	
Capital lease obligations	18,935	766,541
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require		
the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported		
as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences	(8,420)	
Change in other post-employement benefits	(8,967)	
Change in pension payable	(94,410)	(00.000)
Change in accrued interest	12,494	(99,303)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs		
of certain activities to individual funds.		
Net income allocable to governmental activities		 4,990
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ (656,553)

TOWN OF LAKE PARK, FLORIDA

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds September 30, 2010

	Major Enterprise Funds		Nonmajor	Total	Governmental Activities	
	Marina	Sanitation	Enterprise	Enterprise	Internal	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Service Fund	
Assets						
Current assets						
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,286	\$ 523,569	\$ 186,605	\$ 745,460	\$ 10,959	
Investments	25.017	23,599		23,599		
Accounts receivable, net	25,817	106,593	5.041	132,410		
Due from other governments	56,140	6,245	5,041	67,426	60.605	
Prepaid expenses	177.701			15.501	62,635	
Inventory	17,524			17,524		
Total current assets	134,767	660,006	191,646	986,419	73,594	
Noncurrent assets						
Unamortized bond issue costs	87,422			87,422		
Capital assets not being depreciated	132,717	64,157	267,229	464,103		
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	8,109,676	811,258	233,226	9,154,160		
Total noncurrent assets	8,329,815	875,415	500,455	9,705,685		
Total assets	8,464,582	1,535,421	692,101	10,692,104	73,594	
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	47,797	25,135	2,706	75,638	6,784	
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes	5,734	7,916	1,839	15,489		
Deferred revenue	56,140			56,140		
Due to other funds						
Advance from other funds	2,050,000			2,050,000		
Deposits payable - slip rentals	20,643			20,643		
Accrued interest payable	88,875			88,875		
Compensated absences payable, current portion	2,239	9,756	554	12,549		
Capital lease obligations payable, current portion		2,403		2,403		
Bonds payable, current maturities	127,722	95,273	50,770	273,765		
Total current liabilities	2,399,150	140,483	55,869	2,595,502	6,784	
Long-term liabilities						
Compensated absences payable, less current portion	8,957	22,764	2,215	33,936		
Other post-employment benefits	728	2,417	222	3,367		
Bonds payable, net of unamortized premium						
and current maturities	5,033,862	417,366	168,415	5,619,643		
Total long-term liabilities	5,043,547	442,547	170,852	5,656,946		
Total liabilities	7,442,697	583,030	226,721	8,252,448	6,784	
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,168,231	360,373	281,270	3,809,874		
Unrestricted	(2,146,346)	592,018	184,110	(1,370,218)	55,719	
Total net assets	\$ 1,021,885	\$ 952,391	\$ 465,380	2,439,656	\$ 66,810	
Adjustment to reflect consolidation of internal Net assets of business-type activities	l service fund activ	vities		37,317 \$ 2,476,973		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

					Governmental
	Major Enter	prise Funds	Nonmajor	Total	Activities
	Marina	Sanitation	Enterprise	Enterprise	Internal
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Service Fund
Operating revenue					
Charges for services	\$ 1,164,889	\$ 1,483,933	\$ 514,865	\$ 3,163,687	\$ 293,275
Miscellaneous	1,312	26,486		27,798	7,780
Total operating revenues	1,166,201	1,510,419	514,865	3,191,485	301,055
Operating expenses					
Personal services	190,198	523,421	83,108	796,727	289,964
Operating expenses	1,081,423	524,765	158,996	1,765,184	
Depreciation	487,315	346,427	58,626	892,368	
Total operating expenses	1,758,936	1,394,613	300,730	3,454,279	289,964
Operating income (loss)	(592,735)	115,806	214,135	(262,794)	11,091
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Amortization	2,384			2,384	
Interest revenue	68	13,177	3,535	16,780	
Sale of surplus property	859	7,496		8,355	
Interest expense	(251,656)	(20,754)	(13,597)	(286,007)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(248,345)	(81)	(10,062)	(258,488)	
Income (loss) before capital contributions	(841,080)	115,725	204,073	(521,282)	11,091
Capital contributions			4,246	4,246	
Transfers in (out)	12,499	(225,000)	(69,300)	(281,801)	
Change in net assets	(828,581)	(109,275)	139,019	(798,837)	11,091
Net assets - beginning of year	1,850,466	1,061,666	326,361	3,238,493	55,719
Net assets - ending	\$ 1,021,885	\$ 952,391	\$ 465,380	\$ 2,439,656	\$ 66,810
Change in not assets				\$ (798,837)	
Change in net assets Adjustment to reflect consolidation of inte	rnal carries fund act	tivities		\$ (798,837) 6,101	
5		uvittes			
Change in net assets of business-type activ	THES			\$ (792,736)	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Part			Major Enter Marina		se Funds		onmajor nterprise		Total Enterprise	Α	vernmental Activities Internal
Cash Invested from customers \$ 1,149,838 \$ 1,489,286 \$ 13,140,09 \$ 3,154,009 \$ (20,359) Cash puid to suppliers \$ (1,062,10) \$ (518,040) \$ (173,092) \$ (779,2846) \$ (203,539)				•		E.	_		-		
Payments from other funds	Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers	\$	1,149,858 (1,062,210)	\$	1,489,286 (518,946)	\$	514,865 (157,892)	\$	3,154,009 (1,739,048)		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	Payments from other funds		455,736						455,736		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets 8.59 7.496 7.496 8.355 Capital contributions 52.000 97.817 149.817 Loan costs 7.496 97.817 149.817 Loan costs 7.496 97.817 149.817 Interest paid on debt (253.635) (20.754) (15.605) (289.994) Principal repayments on capital lease obligation (215.38) (91.900) (46.366) (259.804) Principal repayments on revenue bonds (121.538) (91.900) (46.366) (259.804) Principal repayments on revenue bonds (31.925) (125.108) (76.619) (353.712) Principal repayments on revenue bonds (31.925) (125.108) (76.619) (353.712) Principal repayments on revenue bonds (31.925) (125.108) (76.619) (353.712) Principal repayments on revenue bonds (31.925) (125.108) (76.619) (353.712) Principal repayments on capital lease obligation (31.925) (125.108) (76.619) (353.712) Principal repayments on capital lease obligation (31.925) (125.108) (76.619) (353.712) Principal repayments on capital lease obligation (31.925) (125.108) (76.619) (353.712) Principal repayments on capital lease obligation (31.925) (125.108) (76.619) (353.712) Principal repayments on capital lease obligation (31.925) (125.108) (76.619) (353.712) Principal repayments on capital lease obligation (33.925) (125.108) (76.619) (353.712) Principal repayments on capital lease obligation (33.925) (125.108) (76.619) (353.712) Principal repayments on capital lease obligation (33.925) (125.108) (76.619) (353.712) Principal repayments on capital lease obligation (33.925) (125.108) (33.925) (16.780) Principal repayments on capital lease obligation (33.925) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.625) (18.	Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in (out)		12,499		(225,000)		(69,300)		(281,801)		7,22
Description content	Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(9,611) 859		(15,353)		(112,465)		(137,429) 8,355		
Cash flows from investing activities: 8 96	Loan costs Interest paid on debt Principal repayments on capital lease obligation		(253,635) (121,538)		(4,657) (91,900)		(15,605)		(289,994) (4,657) (259,804)		
Sale of investments 68 13,177 3,535 16,780 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities 68 13,273 3,535 16,876 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 35,286 110,863 133,065 279,214 7,696 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 412,706 53,540 466,246 3,263 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$35,286 \$23,569 \$186,605 \$745,460 \$10,959 Cash flows from operating activities: \$15,927,35 \$115,806 \$214,135 \$262,794 \$11,091 Adjustments to reconcile operating activities: Operating activities: Agjustments to reconcile operating activities: Depreciation 487,315 346,427 58,626 892,368 \$11,091 Change in assets and liabilities: 2487,315 346,427 58,626 892,368 \$2,248 \$2,248 \$2,248 \$2,248 \$2,248 \$2,248 \$2,248 \$2,248 \$2,248 \$2,248 \$2,248 \$2,248 \$2,2	Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(331,925)		(125,168)		(76,619)		(533,712)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 35,286 110,863 133,065 279,214 7,696 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 412,706 53,540 466,246 3,263 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 35,286 \$ 523,569 \$ 186,605 \$ 745,460 \$ 10,959 Cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (592,735) \$ 115,806 \$ 214,135 \$ (262,794) \$ 11,091 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 487,315 346,427 58,626 892,368 892,368 892,368 892,368 892,368 11,091 12,220 12,247 12,247 12,247	Sale of investments Interest on investments				13,177				16,780		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 412,706 53,540 466,246 3,269 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 35,286 \$ 523,569 \$ 186,605 \$ 745,460 \$ 10,959 Cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (592,735) \$ 115,806 \$ 214,135 \$ (262,794) \$ 11,091 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: 487,315 346,427 58,626 892,368 10,329 10,223 10,232 10,232 10,232 10,232 10,232 10,232 10,232 10,232 <td>. , , , ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>7 696</td>	. , , , ,										7 696
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 35,286 \$ 523,569 \$ 186,605 \$ 745,460 \$ 10,959 Cash flows from operating activities: \$ (592,735) \$ 115,806 \$ 214,135 \$ (262,794) \$ 11,091 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ 487,315 346,427 58,626 892,368 \$ 11,091 Change in assets and liabilities: \$ 487,315 346,427 58,626 892,368 \$ 892,368<	` '		33,200		,		,		,		
Cash flows from operating activities: \$ (592,735) \$ 115,806 \$ 214,135 \$ (262,794) \$ 11,091 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 487,315 346,427 58,626 892,368 892,368 Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (4,537) (18,671) (23,208) 22,462 (Increase) decrease in accounts due from other governments (2,462) (2,462) (2,462) (2,462) (Increase) decrease in inventory 13,239 13,239 13,239 13,239 13,239 14,821 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 5,524 5,819 1,104 12,447 6,784 Increase (decrease) in deposits (11,806) (11,806) (11,806) (11,806) Increase (decrease) in deposits (11,806) 774 876 210 876 Increase (decrease) in other post-employment benefits 728 2,417 222 3,367 455,736 (15,000) Total adjustments 947,379 3		_	27.201	_		_		_		_	
Operating income (loss) \$ (592,735) \$ 115,806 \$ 214,135 \$ (262,794) \$ 11,091 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ 487,315 346,427 58,626 892,368 \$ 20,20	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	35,286	\$	523,569	\$	186,605	\$	745,460	\$	10,959
Noncash provided by operating activities: Depreciation		\$	(592,735)	\$	115,806	\$	214,135	\$	(262,794)	\$	11,091
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (4,537) (18,671) (23,208) (Increase) decrease in accounts due from other governments (2,462) (2,462) (Increase) decrease in inventory 13,239 13,239 (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses 450 450 4,821 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 5,524 5,819 1,104 12,447 6,784 Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities 2,170 (2,352) 486 304 Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue (11,806) (11,806) (11,806) Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (1,440) 774 876 210 Increase (decrease) in other post-employment benefits 728 2,417 222 3,367 Increase (decrease) in due to other funds 455,736 455,736 (15,000) Total adjustments 947,379 331,952 61,314 1,340,645 (3,395) Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$ 354,644 \$ 447,758 \$ 275,449 \$ 1,077,851 \$ 7,696 Noncash investing, capital and financing activities \$ 3,871 \$ \$ 3,871 \$ 3,871 \$ 3,871	net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation		487,315		346,427		58,626		892,368		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses 450 4,821 Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 5,524 5,819 1,104 12,447 6,784 Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities 2,170 (2,352) 486 304 Increase (decrease) in deposits (11,806) (11,806) (11,806) Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue (1,440) 774 876 210 Increase (decrease) in other post-employment benefits 728 2,417 222 3,367 Increase (decrease) in due to other funds 455,736 455,736 (15,000) Total adjustments 947,379 331,952 61,314 1,340,645 (3,395) Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$ 354,644 \$ 447,758 \$ 275,449 \$ 1,077,851 \$ 7,696 Noncash investing, capital and financing activities \$ 3,871 \$ \$ 3,871 \$ \$ 3,871 \$	(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in accounts due from other governments		, , ,						(2,462)		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (1,440) 774 876 210 Increase (decrease) in other post-employment benefits 728 2,417 222 3,367 Increase (decrease) in due to other funds 455,736 - 455,736 (15,000) Total adjustments 947,379 331,952 61,314 1,340,645 (3,395) Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$354,644 \$447,758 \$275,449 \$1,077,851 \$7,696 Noncash investing, capital and financing activities \$3,871 \$\$3,871 \$\$3,871 \$\$3,871 \$\$3,871 \$	Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in deposits		5,524 2,170		,				12,447 304		,
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$\\\\$354,644 \\$447,758 \\$275,449 \\$1,077,851 \\$7,696\$ Noncash investing, capital and financing activities Amortization of bond issue costs \$\\\\$3,871 \\$	Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in other post-employment benefits		728						3,367		(15,000)
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities Amortization of bond issue costs \$ 3,871 \$ \$ 3,871 \$	Total adjustments		947,379		331,952		61,314		1,340,645		(3,395)
Amortization of bond issue costs \$ 3,871 \$ \$ 3,871 \$	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	354,644	\$	447,758	\$	275,449	\$	1,077,851	\$	7,696
Amortization of premium on bonds \$ (6,255) \$ \$ (6,255) \$		\$	3,871	\$		\$		_\$	3,871	\$	
	Amortization of premium on bonds	\$	(6,255)	\$		\$		\$	(6,255)	\$	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Retired Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund September 30, 2010

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,869
Accounts receivable	94,410
Investments:	
Closed end equity funds	908,983
Closed end taxable bond funds	343,149
Prepaid retirement benefits	9,420
Total assets	 1,375,831
Net assets	
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 1,375,831

Assets

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Retired Police Officers's Pension Trust Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Additions	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 94,410
Investment income	
Net increase in fair value of investments	88,744
Interest and dividends	26,289
Net investment income	115,033
Total additions	209,443
Deductions	
Retirement benefits	166,881
Administrative expenses	9,334
Total deductions	176,215
Change in net assets	33,228
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits	
Net assets - beginning of year	1,342,603
Net assets - end of year	\$ 1,375,831

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Lake Park, Florida (the "Town") was incorporated in 1923. The Town's Charter was approved by the Laws of Florida, Chapter 61-2375. The Town is governed by an elected Mayor and Town Commission which appoints a Town Manager. The Town provides the following services: public safety, recreation, sanitation, streets and roads, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

In accordance with Statement 14 of the Government Accounting Standards Board, the underlying concept of the governmental financial reporting entity is that governmental organizations are responsible to elected governing officials; therefore, financial reporting should report on the elected officials' accountability for those organizations. Furthermore, the financial statements of the reporting entity should allow users to distinguish between the primary government and its component units, if any, by communicating information about the component units and their relationships with the primary government. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Determining factors of financial accountability includes appointment of a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit or burden on a primary government, or fiscal dependency. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA)

Based on the application of these criteria, management has determined that the Lake Park Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA") is a dependent special district established by the Town of Lake Park, Florida, under authority granted by Florida Statute 163, Section III. The CRA is included in the Town's financial reporting entity as a blended component unit reported in a governmental (special revenue) fund, the *Community Redevelopment Fund*. The purpose of the CRA is to promote and guide the physical and economic development of certain areas in the Town of Lake Park. The CRA is a legally separate entity established by ordinance of the Lake Park Town Commission. The governing body of the CRA consists of the Town Commission and the Town handles the management and administration of the CRA's financial matters. Separate financial statements for the CRA are not prepared.

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Town. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. An exception to this rule is that interfund services provided and used are not eliminated. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town considers revenue to be available if it is collected within ninety days of the end of the current fiscal year, except for property taxes, for which the period is 60 days.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Unearned revenue consists primarily of grant funds and occupational licenses and other fees collected in advance of the year to which they relate.

Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due. Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, franchise fees, charges for services and investment income are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received in cash by the Town. Debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund and is used to account for all financial resources applicable to the general operations of the Town except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

CRA Fund

The CRA fund is a special revenue fund and is used to account for all financial resources applicable to the promotion of the physical and economic development of certain areas in the Town of Lake Park.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

Marina Fund

This enterprise fund accounts for the operations of the Town's municipal marina, which are financed primarily by user charges.

Sanitation Fund

This enterprise fund accounts for the operations of the Town's garbage and trash collection services, which are financed primarily by user charges.

Additionally, the Town reports the following non-major funds:

Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. In addition to the CRA Fund, a major governmental fund, the Town has one non-major special revenue fund: the Streets and Roads Fund.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest financed by the proceeds of the Town's general obligation bond which are payable from ad valorem taxes.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Fund and Special Projects Fund are used to account for construction and renovation projects.

Stormwater Utility Fund

The Stormwater Utility Fund is used to account for the charges and related expenses for the Town's stormwater drainage system.

Internal Service Fund

Internal service funds account for operations that provide services to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis. The Insurance Fund accounts for the Town's general liability and workers' compensation insurance plans.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the government; pension trust funds are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement. The fiduciary fund of the Town includes:

Retired Police Officers' Pension Fund - This fund was established in 2004 to receive and invest Town contributions in a defined benefit pension plan and to disburse these monies to Police retirees in accordance with the Pension Plan Ordinance.

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds (Continued)

the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's enterprise funds and various other functions of the Town. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's marina and sanitation enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All short-term investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to a known amount of cash, and at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Investments</u>

Investments are reported at fair value, which is determined by using various third party pricing sources. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust is a "2a-7 like" pool and, thus, these investments are valued using the pooled share price. Investments in "Florida PRIME" of the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust are reported as cash and cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity</u> (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represent amounts due from local businesses for franchise taxes, utility taxes, delinquent property taxes and other charges in the General Fund, and solid waste disposal fees and marina slip rentals in the Enterprise Funds. The Town does not require collateral for accounts receivable. Accounts receivable are net of allowances for uncollectible accounts determined based on the age of the individual receivable, with age categories ranging from 30 days past due to several years past due. Generally the allowance includes accounts over 90 days past due. Accounts receivable are written off on an individual basis in the year the Town deems them uncollectible.

Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advance to/advance from other funds." Any residual balance outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Transfers and interfund balances totally within governmental activities and those that are totally within business-type activities are eliminated and not presented in the government wide financial statements. Transfers and balances between governmental and business-type activities are presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories in the General Fund consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories in the Marina Fund consist of goods for sale to the public. The initial cost is recorded as an asset at the time the individual inventory items are purchased and are charged against operations in the period when used.

Prepaid Items/Expenses

Expenditures/expenses for insurance premiums and other administrative costs extending over more than one accounting period are accounted for as prepaid items and allocated between accounting periods. Prepaid items in governmental funds are accounted for using the consumption method.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity</u> (Continued)

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include property, plant, infrastructure, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The Town defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of \$750 or more and an estimated life in excess of one year. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the Town has elected not to record infrastructure assets purchased prior to October 1, 2003 in the accompanying financial statements.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are assets of the Town as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized as assets in the government-wide statement of net assets. General capital assets are carried at historical cost. Where cost cannot be determined from the available records, estimated historical cost has been used to record the estimated value of the assets. Assets acquired by gifts or bequests are recorded at their fair value at the date of acquisition.

Capital assets of the enterprise funds are capitalized in the fund. The valuation basis for enterprise fund capital assets is the same as those used for general capital assets. Additionally, net interest cost is capitalized on enterprise fund projects during the construction period.

Additions, improvements, and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The estimated lives for each major class of depreciable fixed assets are as follows:

Buildings and infrastructure	30-50 years
Building improvements	7- 50 years
Equipment and vehicles	5 years
Docks and channels	20 years

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Deferred Revenue

The government reports deferred revenue on its government wide statement of net assets, proprietary statement of net assets, and governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when the government receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Deferred revenue in the General Fund is composed of grant funds that were not received within ninety days of fiscal year end, and of business tax fees received prior to September 30, 2010 for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2010. Deferred revenue in the Special Projects Fund is composed of unexpended grant funds.

Compensated Absences

Unused compensated absences are payable upon separation from service. Vacation is accrued as a liability when the employee earns benefits. This means that the employee has rendered services that give rise to a vacation liability and it is probable that the Town will compensate the employee in some manner, e.g., in cash or paid time-off, now or upon termination or retirement. The Town uses the vesting method in accruing sick leave liability. Under the vesting method, the liability for vacation leave is accrued for employees who are eligible to receive termination payments upon separation. The Town's policy is to allow employees to accumulate vacation leave to a maximum of 480 hours. At the time of retirement or termination all vacation leave up to a maximum of 240 hours is payable at 100% to the employee. Except for liabilities incurred by employment terminations, such benefits are paid only when taken.

Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. Benefits that were earned but not used during the current year were accrued at employees' pay rates in effect at September 30, 2010. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements. For the governmental funds, compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund. The amount attributable to the business-type activities is charged to expense with a corresponding liability established in the government-wide financial statements as well as the Enterprise Fund. The Town does not contribute to post-employment benefits for employees.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Unamortized debt issue costs are included in assets and unamortized bond premiums are presented as an addition to bonds payable.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Assets

Equity in the government-wide statement of net assets and the proprietary funds is displayed in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets net of related debt, 2) net pension asset, 3) restricted, and 4) unrestricted. Net assets invested in capital assets net of related debt consist of capital assets reduced by accumulated depreciation and by any outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct, or improve those assets. Net pension assets represent pension contributions above the actuarially required amount. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by Town legislation or external restrictions by other governments, creditors, or grantors. Unrestricted net assets consist of all net assets that do not meet the definition of the other three components.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Unreserved fund balance amounts that are reported as designations of fund balances represent tentative plans for financial resource utilization in a future period. The following is a description of the reserves used by the Town.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Fund Equity (Continued)

Reserved for debt service – Restricted for future debt service expenditures.

Reserved for inventories, prepaid items and deposits – Indicates that a portion of fund balance is segregated since these items do not represent "available spendable resources."

Reserved for encumbrances – Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as part of the budgetary accounting system in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year end, if any, are reported as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Reserved for advances to other funds – Advances to other funds are reserved from fund balance since they are not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date.

Use of Estimates

The financial statements and related disclosures are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenue and expenses during the period reported. These estimates include the collectibility of accounts receivable, the use and recoverability of inventory, the useful lives and impairment of tangible assets, and the realization of net pension assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Town considers all short-term investments that are highly liquid to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to a known amount of cash, and at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Data

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the enterprise funds. All budgets are legally enacted. The annual appropriated budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except that for budgetary purposes, revenue includes proceeds from debt issuances, transfers from other funds, and proceeds from the sale of capital assets, and expenditures include encumbrances and transfers to other funds within each governmental function. Except for budgeting capital expenditures and not budgeting for depreciation, the annual appropriated budgets for the enterprise funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. For budgeting purposes, current year encumbrances are not treated as expenditures. In 2010, the other funds with legally adopted budgets include the Community Redevelopment Fund, Streets and Roads Funds, Debt Service Fund, Insurance Fund, Marina Fund, and Sanitation fund.

The procedures for establishing budgetary data are as follows:

- Prior to September 1, the Town Manager submits a proposed operating budget to the Town Commission for the next fiscal year commencing the following October 1st. The proposed budget includes expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted at the Town Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- The Town advises the Palm Beach County Tax Collector's office of the proposed millage rate, the rolled back millage rate and the day, time and place of the public hearing for budget acceptance.
- A public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer input and to adopt the final budget and millage rate.
- Upon completion of the public hearings and prior to October 1, a final operating budget and related millage rates are legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance. Estimated beginning fund balances are considered in the budgetary process. Effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, a final operating budget and related millage rates are legally enacted through the passage of a resolution.
- Changes or amendments to the total budgeted expenditures of the Town or a department must be approved by the Town Commission; however, changes within a department which do not affect the total departmental expenditures may be approved by the Town Manager. Accordingly, the legal level of control is at the department level.
- All unencumbered balances lapse on September 30th.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. Budgetary Data (Continued)

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by appropriate action. During the year several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g. purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

B. Property Taxes

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and the County Tax Collector. All property is reassessed according to its fair market value on January 1 of each year and each assessment roll is submitted to the State Department of Revenue for review to determine if the assessment rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of State law. The laws of the State regulating tax assessment are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State Statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills for operating purposes.

The tax levy of the Town is established by the Town Commission prior to October 1 of each year during the budget process. The Palm Beach County Property Appraiser incorporates the Town's millage into the total tax levy, which includes the County, County School Board, and special district tax requirements. The millage rate assessed by the Town for the year ended September 30, 2010, was 9.9163 (\$9.9163 for each \$1,000 of assessed valuation), which includes 1.4 mills for debt service.

Taxes may be paid less a 4% discount in November or at declining discounts each month through the month of February. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Delinquent taxes on real property bear interest at 18% per year. On or prior to June 1 following the tax year, certificates are offered for sale for all delinquent taxes on real property.

After sale, tax certificates bear interest at 18% per year or at any lower rate bid by the buyer. The certificate holder may make application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificate after a period of two years. The County holds unsold certificates. Delinquent taxes on personal property bear interest at 18% per year until the tax is satisfied either by seizure and sale of the property or by the five-year statute of limitations. At September 30, 2010, unpaid delinquent taxes are not material and have not been recorded by the Town.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. Contractual and Legal Obligations to Pay

In prior years, the Town failed to make the required annual incremental tax contributions to the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) since its inception, causing penalties and interest for non-payment to accrue beginning in fiscal year ending September 30, 2000. (See Note 14.) Annual payments of current and prior year obligations will continue to be paid by the General Fund.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

As of September 30, 2010, the carrying amount of deposits (including fiduciary funds) was \$1,645,537 and the bank balances were \$1,694,677. The Town also had \$800 of petty cash. In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under Florida Statutes Chapter 280, *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act*, the State Treasurer requires all Florida qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or other banking institution eligible collateral. In the event of failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. The Town's deposits at year end are considered insured for custodial credit risk purposes.

The Town maintains a pooled account for cash and cash equivalents that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of the pooled account is displayed on the financial statements as "Pooled cash and cash equivalents". Interest income from pooled checking accounts is allocated back to the General Fund. Investment income from the pooled SBA accounts is allocated to the following funds based on each fund's relative equity in the pool: General, CRA, Debt Service, Capital Projects, and Sanitation.

Restricted cash

As September 30, 2010, the Town reported restricted cash for unexpended loan proceeds restricted for capital projects.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

As of September 30, 2010, the Town held the following investments:

	Credit Rating	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity
State Board of Administration:		ф.1.046 7 00	52.1
Florida PRIME	AAA(m)	\$ 1,046,782	52 days
Fund B	N/R	65,989	7.49 years (WAL)
Money market funds	N/R	5,920	N/A
Closed end bond funds	N/R	343,149	N/A
Closed end equity funds	N/R	908,983	N/A
Total investments		\$ 2,370,823	

All the investments other than the State Board of Administration are held in the fiduciary funds. The credit ratings are S&P's.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the time to maturity, the greater the exposure to interest rate risks. The Town limits its exposure to fair value losses resulting from rising interest rates by structuring the investment portfolio so that the securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity; and investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools unless it is anticipated that long-term securities can be held to maturity without jeopardizing the liquidity requirements. The Retirement Funds do not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial credit risk – For an investment, custodial credit is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2010 all investments were insured or collateralized, except the Town's two pension funds, in which the underlying securities are held by counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the Town's name and is uninsured and unregistered. However, all securities are registered in the funds' names.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The money market and closed end funds are owned by the Pension Trust Funds.

The Town is authorized to invest its funds as follows:

- 1. Interest-bearing checking or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes;
- 2. Interest-bearing time deposits in qualified public depositories, as defined in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes;
- 3. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, as provided in Chapter 163, Florida Statutes;
- 4. Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- 5. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury;
- 6. Federal agencies and instrumentalities;
- 7. Securities of, or interest in, any open-end or closed-end management-type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. sections 80a-1 et seq., as amended from time to time, provided that the portfolio of such investment company or investment trust is limited to obligations of the United States Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States Government obligations, and provided that such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian;
- 8. Other investments authorized by law or by ordinance by the Town.

The State Board of Administration is part of the Local Governments Surplus Funds Trust Fund and is governed by Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code. These rules provide guidance and establish the general operating procedures for the administration of the Local Governments Surplus Funds Trust Fund. Additionally, the Office of the Auditor General performs the operational audit of the activities and investments of the State Board of Administration. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund is not a registrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however, the board has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a 2a-7 fund.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

On November 29, 2007, the State Board of Administration implemented a temporary freeze on the assets held in the Pool due to an unprecedented amount of withdrawals from the Pool coupled with the absence of market liquidity for certain securities within the Pool. The significant amount of withdrawals followed reports that the Pool held asset-backed commercial paper that was subject to sub prime mortgage risk. On December 4, 2007, based on recommendations from an outside financial advisor, the State Board of Administration restructured the Pool into two separate pools. Pool A, (Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool) consisted of all money market appropriate assets. Pool B, (Surplus Funds Trust Fund) consisted of assets that either defaulted on a payment, paid more slowly than expected, and/or had any significant credit and liquidity risk. At the time of the restructuring, all current pool participants had their existing balances proportionately allocated into Pool A and Pool B.

On August 3, 2009, the SBA announced "Florida PRIME" as the highly enhanced version of the SBA's prior Local Government Investment Pool. Pool A is now referred to as Florida PRIME, and Pool B is referred to as Fund B. From December 2007 through September 2010, the SBA transferred a total of \$1.6 billion in distributions from Fund B to participants in Florida PRIME. This amount represents approximately 80% of their original adjusted Fund B balances.

At September 30, 2010, Florida PRIME was assigned a "AAAm" principal stability fund rating by Standard and Poor's. Florida PRIME is considered a SEC 2a7-like fund, thus, the account balances should be considered its fair value. Fund B is not rated by any nationally recognized statistical rating agency.

Fund B is accounted for as a fluctuating NAV pool. The fair value factor for September 30, 2010 was 0.707058094 (i.e. total net asset value of Fund B divided by total participant balances of Fund B). The factor should be multiplied by the Fund B account balance in order to calculate the fair value of the investment in Fund B.

The weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2010 was 52 days. A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of Florida PRIME to interest rate changes.

The weighted average life based on expected cash flows (WAL) of Fund B at September 30, 2010 was 7.49 years. However, because Fund B consists of restructured or defaulted securities there is considerable uncertainty regarding the weighted average life.

As of September 30, 2010, the Town of Lake Park had \$1,046,782 invested in Florida PRIME. The costs basis of Fund B as of September 30, 2010 was \$93,330 and the fair value and adjusted book value was \$65,989. Additional information regarding the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund may be obtained from the State Board of Administration.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Investments of the Retire Police Officers Retirement Fund can consist of the following:

- 1. A qualified public depository as defined in Section 280.02, Florida Statutes.
- 2. Obligations issued by the United States Government or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States Government.
- 3. Stocks, bonds or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or the District of Columbia, provided that the corporation is listed on one or more of the recognized national exchanges or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ stock market. Bonds or other evidence of indebtedness must hold a rating in one of the three highest classifications by a major rating service.
 - a. Investments in equities shall not exceed 70% of the Pension Fund's total assets at cost.
 - b. Not more than then (5) percent of the Pension Fund's assets shall be invested in the common stock or capital stock of any one issuing company, nor shall the aggregate investment in any one issuing company exceed (5) percent of the outstanding capital stock of that company.
 - c. Not more than five (5) percent of the Fund's fixed income portfolio (at cost) shall be invested in the securities of any single corporate issuer. This limitation does not include issues of any U.S. government agency.
- 4. Common or collective trust funds or pooled investment funds maintained by a bank or trust company or a pooled investment fund of an insurance company qualified to do Business in the State.
- 5. Foreign securities provided they do not exceed 10% of the Pension Fund's assets at cost.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

A reconciliation of deposit and investments as shown on the statement of net assets and statement of fiduciary net assets for the Town is as follows:

By Category:	
Deposits	\$ 1,645,537
Petty cash	800
Investments	2,370,823
Total deposits and investments	\$ 4,017,160
Presented in the statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,737,560
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	196,150
Investments	42,390
Business-type activities	
Cash and cash equivalents	745,460
Investments	23,599
Total statements of net assets	2,745,159
Presented in the statement of fiduciary net assets	
Pension trust funds	
Cash and cash equivalents	19,869
Investments	1,252,132
Total fiduciary funds	1,272,001
Total deposits and investments	\$ 4,017,160

NOTE 4 – NOTES RECEIVABLES

The CRA has a program to give grants and low interest loans for business development and façade improvements. The loans bear interest at 2% and are payable monthly for terms of five to ten years. The grants are to be repaid if the business is sold within five years and one fifth of the grant is forgiven each year. Both the loans and grants are secured by lien on the improvements and/or the property of the business. At September 30, 2010, there were \$63,875 of loans outstanding which are recorded as notes receivable and \$25,530 of grants outstanding for which no asset is recorded since the expectation is that the business will not be sold. Subsequent to year end the CRA approved an additional \$65,000 in loans and \$34,458 in grants.

NOTE 5 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2010, were as follows:

	General Fund	_	RA ınd	Marina Fund	Sanitation Fund	Total
Accounts						
receivable	\$ 50,322	\$	805	\$ 26,835	\$ 107,531	\$ 185,493
Accrued						
receivables	187,185				4,252	191,437
Total receivables	237,507		805	26,835	111,783	376,930
Less allowance						
for uncollectible						
accounts	(16,319)			(1,018)	(5,190)	(22,527)
Accounts						
receivable, net	\$ 221,188	\$	805	\$ 25,817	\$ 106,593	\$ 354,403

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2010, was as follows:

Primary Government

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,688,733	\$ 3,158	\$	\$ 2,691,891
Construction in progress	31,170	29,622	(31,170)	29,622
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	7,210,401	1,800		7,212,201
Improvements	4,455,043	389,022		4,844,065
Machinery and equipment	1,732,908	97,741	(95,892)	1,734,757
Total at historical cost:	16,118,255	521,343	(127,062)	16,512,536
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(3,788,363)	(185,535)		(3,973,898)
Improvements	(595,789)	(391,062)		(986,851)
Machinery and equipment	(1,236,243)	(175,845)	91,369	(1,320,719)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,620,395)	(752,442)	91,369	(6,281,468)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 10,497,860	\$ (231,099)	\$ (35,693)	\$ 10,231,068

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 421,026
Public safety	17,144
Physical environment	42,383
Transportation	126,947
Culture and recreation	144,942
Total depreciation expense governmental activities	\$ 752,442

The capital asset activity of business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Beginning	A 1111	5.1.4	Ending
Business-type activities:	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 81,157	\$	\$	\$ 81,157
Construction in progress	309,826	73,120		382,946
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Improvements	10,158,563	10,688		10,169,251
Machinery and equipment	2,935,635	53,621	(249,169)	2,740,087
Total at historical cost:	13,485,181	137,429	(249,169)	13,373,441
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements	(1,552,698)	(487,324)		(2,040,022)
Machinery and equipment	(1,559,281)	(405,044)	249,169	(1,715,156)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,111,979)	(892,368)	249,169	(3,755,178)
Business-type activities capital				
assets, net	\$10,373,202	\$ (754,939)	\$	\$ 9,618,263

NOTE 7 – CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

The amount remaining on contracts awarded but not yet completed as of September 30, 2010 were as follows:

Construction Commitments:	
Ilex Park improvements	\$ 46,870
Park Avenue improvements	30,872
Engineering consultant	26,500
Drainage improvements	22,907
Other Town improvements	 20,867
Subtotal, construction commitments	148,016
Consulting contracts	36,456
	\$ 184,472

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2009	Additions	Reductions	Balance September 30, 2010	Amount within o	one
Governmental activities:						
Bonds and loans payable	\$10,050,675	\$	\$ (747,606)	\$ 9,303,069	\$ 790,	,620
Capital lease obligations	28,702		(18,935)	9,767	9,	,767
OPEB (see note 11) Pension contribution		8,967		8,967		
payable		94,410		94,410	16,	,093
Compensated absences payable	149,905	201,035	(192,615)	158,325	31,	,665
Total	\$10,229,282	\$ 210,002	\$ (959,156)	\$ 9,574,538	\$ 848,	,145
Business-type activities:						
Loans payable	\$ 6,011,951	\$	\$ (259,804)	\$ 5,752,147	\$ 273,	,765
Capital lease obligations	7,060		(4,657)	2,403	2,	,403
OPEB (see note 11)		3,367		3,367		
Compensated absences payable	46,275	52,548	(52,338)	46,485	12,	,549
Total	\$ 6,065,286	\$ 55,915	\$ (316,799)	5,804,402	\$ 288,	,717
Unamortized premium				141,261		
				\$ 5,945,663		

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Compensated absences and OPEB liabilities for governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund and by the Marina Fund, Sanitation Fund, and Stormwater Fund for business-type activities.

General Obligation Bonds: The debt service for general obligation bonds are payable from a separate ad valorem tax levy for the debt service fund. The Town's outstanding governmental activities general obligation bonds at September 30, 2010, are summarized as follows:

General Obligation Bonds, Series 1997: On March 11, 1997, the voters of the Town approved the issuance of up to \$9,806,000 general obligation bonds for the purpose of financing the repair and redevelopment of the Town Hall, marina and other projects, and the construction of a new fire/medical facility and library addition. On August 7, 1997, the Town issued \$4,800,000 Town of Lake Park, Florida, General Obligation Bonds, Series 1997. Principal and interest at 4.96% are payable in semi-annual installments of \$189,725 on January 1 and July 1, commencing January 1, 1998, through maturity on July 1, 2017

The required debt service payments on the Series 1997 bond at September 30, 2010 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total <u>Amount</u>
2011	272,870	106,580	379,450
2012	286,572	92,878	379,450
2013	300,963	78,487	379,450
2014	316,076	63,374	379,450
2015	331,947	47,503	379,450
2016	348,616	30,834	379,450
2017	<u>358,837</u>	13,327	372,164
	\$2,215,881	\$ 432,983	\$2,648,864

General Obligation Bond, Series 1998: On November 17, 1998, the Town issued a \$5,000,000 Town of Lake Park, Florida, General Obligation Bond, Series 1998. This bond represents the second and final series of the bonds approved by the voters of the Town in a special referendum on March 11, 1997, for the purpose of financing the repair and redevelopment of the Town Hall, marina and other projects, and the construction of a new fire/medical facility and library addition. Principal and interest at 4.46% are payable in semi-annual installments of \$194,329 on January 1 and July 1, commencing July 1, 1999, through maturity on July 1, 2018.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

General Obligation Bond, Series 1998 (Continued)

The required debt service payments on the Series 1998 bond at September 30, 2010 are as follows:

Year Ending			Total
September 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Amount
2011	276,233	112,424	388,657
2012	288,690	99,967	388,657
2013	301,710	86,947	388,657
2014	315,316	73,341	388,657
2015	329,536	59,121	388,657
2016	344,397	44,260	388,657
2017	359,928	28,729	388,657
2018	372,953	12,499	<u>385,452</u>
	<u>\$2,588,763</u>	<u>\$ 517,288</u>	<u>\$3,106,051</u>

<u>Obligations Under Capital Lease</u>: Capital lease obligations are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The Town's outstanding governmental activities obligations under capital lease at September 30, 2010 are summarized as follows:

<u>Equipment</u>: Lease purchase agreements dated March 2005 through September 2006 for vehicles and other equipment with an original cost of \$183,833 and accumulated depreciation in an amount of \$180,156. Minimum future lease payments under these agreements at September 30, 2010, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Amount</u>
2011	9,767 \$ 9,767	\$\frac{210}{\\$210}	9,977 \$ 9,977

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Revenue Bonds</u>: The Town's outstanding business-type activities revenue bonds at September 30, 2010 are summarized as follows:

Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A: On May 12, 2003 the Town entered into an agreement with the Florida Municipal Loan Council (the "Council") to borrow funds for the construction of improvements at the Town's marina. On May 16, 2003, the Council issued \$4,810,000 Florida Municipal Loan Council Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A, dated May 1, 2003, to finance the Town's project and pay the costs of issuance for the bonds. The Town is required to meet certain minimum financial amounts, debt limitations and reporting requirements. Interest on the bonds is payable by the Town semi-annually on April 20 and October 20 and principal payments are due on April 20. Debt service on the bonds is payable from the net revenues of the marina operations.

The debt service requirements and interest rates of the bonds at September 30, 2010, are as follows:

Year Ending	Interest			
September 30	Rate	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2011	5.00	100,000	213,300	313,300
2012	5.00	105,000	208,300	313,300
2013	5.25	115,000	203,050	318,050
2014	5.25	120,000	197,012	317,012
2015	5.25	125,000	190,713	315,713
2016	5.25	130,000	184,150	314,150
2017	5.25	140,000	177,325	317,325
2018	5.25	145,000	169,975	314,975
2019	5.25	155,000	162,363	317,363
2020	5.25	160,000	154,225	314,225
2021	5.00	170,000	145,825	315,825
2022	5.00	180,000	137,325	317,325
2023	4.50	185,000	128,325	313,325
2024	4.50	195,000	120,000	315,000
2025	4.50	205,000	111,225	316,225
2026	5.00	215,000	102,000	317,000
2027	5.00	225,000	91,250	316,250
2028	5.00	235,000	80,000	315,000

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A (Continued)

Year Ending September 30	Interest Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
2029	5.00	\$ 245,000	\$ 68,250	\$ 313,250
2030	5.00	260,000	56,000	316,000
2031	5.00	275,000	43,000	318,000
2032	5.00	285,000	29,250	314,250
2033	5.00	300,000	15,000	315,000
		\$4,270,000	<u>\$2,987,863</u>	<u>\$7,257,863</u>

<u>Obligations Under Capital Lease</u>: Obligations under capital lease of the Town's business-type activities at September 30, 2010, consisted of the following:

<u>Vehicles</u>: Lease purchase agreements dated June 2004 through March 2006 for sanitation vehicles with an original cost of \$482,749. The accumulated depreciation on the vehicles at September 30, 2010 was \$478,612. The capital lease obligations are payable from the net revenues of the Sanitation operations.

The minimum future lease payments due under this agreement at September 30, 2010, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total Amount
2011	2,403	<u>52</u>	2,455
	\$ 2,403	<u>\$ 52</u>	\$ 2,455

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Promissory Notes</u>: The Town's outstanding promissory notes payable at September 30, 2010 are summarized as follows:

Promissary Note, Series 2008A: On August 28, 2008, the Town executed a tax-exempt note in the principal amount of \$4,928,350 with the Bank of America. Loan proceeds are restricted to finance the settlement of the pension obligation to the Town of Lake Park Firefighters' Pension and for the construction of improvements in the marina. In addition, \$2,420,000 of the governmental loan proceeds were transferred to the CRA as a grant for the acquisition of property and for the construction of improvements within the Town's community redevelopment area in accordance with an interlocal agreement between the Town and the CRA executed on August 20, 2008. (See Note 14.) The agreement does not require the CRA to repay the grant from the Town; however, if the CRA makes a voluntary payment to the Town, the Town will use the payment to pay debt service on the note.

Non-ad valorem revenues of the Town secure the promissory note. The Town is required to meet certain minimum financial amounts, debt limitations and reporting requirements. The continued exclusion of interest on the Tax-Exempt Note from gross income for federal income tax purposes depends, in part, upon compliance with the arbitrage limitations imposed by Sections 103(b)(2) and 148 of the Internal Revenue Code. Interest on the note is payable by the Town semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 and principal payments are due on April 1 with a final maturity date of April 1, 2028. The note bears an annual interest rate of 3.67%, which is subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of a Determination of Taxability.

Amounts currently outstanding on the note are as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Amount
Governmental activities	\$ 3,317,914
Business-type activities	1,023,204
	\$ 4,341,118

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Promissory Notes</u> (Continued)

Promissory Note, Series 2008A (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Year Ending			Total
September 30	Principal	Interest	Amount
2011	156,491	118,896	275,387
2012	162,235	113,047	275,281
2013	168,188	106,984	275,172
2014	174,361	100,698	275,059
2015	180,760	94,182	274,942
2016-2020	1,008,313	364,477	1,372,790
2021-2025	989,423	169,638	1,159,061
2026-2028	478,143	26,743	504,887
Total	\$ 3,317,914	\$ 1,094,665	\$ 4,412,579

Business-type activities:

Year Ending			Total
September 30	Principal	Interest	Amount
2011	\$ 115,793	\$ 35,427	\$ 151,220
2012	120,042	31,099	151,141
2013	124,448	26,613	151,061
2014	129,015	21,962	150,977
2015	133,750	17,140	150,890
2016-2020	132,211	61,648	193,859
2021-2025	158,318	35,061	193,379
2026-2028	109,627	6,132	115,759
Total	\$ 1,023,204	\$ 235,082	\$ 1,258,286

<u>Promissory Note, Series 2008B</u>: On August 28, 2008, the Town executed a note in the principal amount of \$309,550 with the Bank of America to finance the construction of improvements in the marina and the purchase of recreation vehicles. Non-ad valorem revenues of the Town secure the promissory note. The Town is required to meet certain minimum financial amounts, debt limitations and reporting requirements. Interest on the note is payable by the Town semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 and principal payments are due on April 1 with a final maturity date of April 1, 2028. The note bears an annual interest rate of 6.78%.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Promissory Notes</u> (Continued)

Promissory Note, Series 2008B (Continued)

Amounts currently outstanding on the note are as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Amount
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 36,988 239,758
- -	<u>\$ 276,746</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Year Ending			Total
September 30	Principal	Interest	Amount
2011	\$ 6,460	\$ 2,289	\$ 8,749
2012	6,898	1,836	8,734
2013	7,366	1,352	8,718
2014	7,865	836	8,701
2015	8,399	285	8,684
Total	\$ 36,988	\$ 6,598	\$ 43,586

Business-type activities:

Year Ending			Total
September 30	Principal	Interest	Amount
2011	\$ 7,202	\$ 16,012	\$ 23,214
2012	7,691	15,507	23,198
2013	8,212	14,968	23,180
2014	8,769	14,392	23,161
2015	9,363	13,777	23,140
2016-2020	57,245	58,104	115,349
2021-2025	79,467	35,129	114,596
2026-2028	61,809	6,469	68,278
Total	\$ 239,758	\$ 174,358	\$ 414,116

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Promissory Notes (Continued)

<u>Promissory Note, Series 2009</u>: On August 7, 2009, the Town executed a note in the principal amount of \$1,475,000 with the Bank of America to land acquisition and improvements, the purchase of a sanitation truck, fuel tanks, parking meters, and make roof repairs. Non-ad valorem revenues of the Town secure the promissory note. The Town is required to meet certain minimum financial amounts, debt limitations and reporting requirements. Interest on the note is payable by the Town semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 and principal payments are due on April 1 with a final maturity date of April 1, 2024. The note bears an annual interest rate of 5.11%.

Amounts currently outstanding on the note are as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Governmental activities	\$ 1,143,523
Business-type activities	219,185
	\$ 1,362,708

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	Intorost	Total
September 30	Fillicipai	Interest	Amount
2011	\$ 78,566	\$ 58,434	\$ 137,000
2012	82,579	54,419	136,998
2013	86,801	50,200	137,001
2014	91,235	45,764	136,999
2015	63,622	41,102	104,724
2016-2020	370,325	153,291	523,616
2021-2025	370,395	48,497	418,892
Total	\$ 1,143,523	\$ 451,707	\$ 1,595,230

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Promissory Notes</u> (Continued)

Promissory Note, Series 2009 (Continued)

Business-type activities:

Year Ending			Total
September 30	Principal	Interest	Amount
2011	\$ 50,770	\$ 11,200	\$ 61,970
2012	53,365	8,606	61,971
2013	56,092	5,879	61,971
2014	58,958	3,012	61,970
Total	\$ 219,185	\$ 28,697	\$ 247,882

<u>Pension Contribution Payable:</u> The Town's pension fund did not have an actuarial valuation performed for the 2008 and 2009 fiscal years, when the valuation was performed for the 2010 fiscal year the total due was \$94,410. This amount is recorded as a long term liability at an interest rate of 8% payable as follows:

Year Ending			Total
September 30	Principal	Interest	Amount
2011	\$ 16,093	\$ 7,553	\$ 23,646
2012	17,380	6,266	23,646
2013	18,771	4,875	23,646
2014	20,272	3,374	23,646
2015	21,894	1,752	23,646
Total	\$ 94,410	\$ 23,820	\$ 118,230

<u>Annual Maturities</u>: The aggregate maturities for all long-term debt of the Town with scheduled maturities (excluding compensated absences and claims and settlements), are as follows:

Year Ending			Total
September 30	Principal	Interest	Amount
2011	\$ 1,092,648	\$ 682,376	\$ 1,775,024
2012	1,130,451	631,925	1,762,376
2013	1,187,551	579,355	1,766,906
2014	1,241,867	523,766	1,765,633
2015	1,204,271	465,575	1,669,846
2016-2020	4,082,825	1,615,209	5,698,034
2021-2025	2,532,602	931,024	3,463,626
2026-2030	1,829,581	436,846	2,266,427
2031-2033	860,000	87,250	947,250
Total	\$ 15,161,796	\$ 5,953,326	\$ 21,115,122

NOTE 9 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN ASSETS

Employees of the Town may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments).

The deferred compensation plan is available to all employees of the Town. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. A third party administers the deferred compensation plan.

In 1999, the Town Adopted GASB-32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. The Town modified its Deferred Compensation Plan to conform with the changes in the Internal Revenue Code brought about by the Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996 (the "Act"). The Act requires that eligible deferred compensation plans established and maintained by governmental employers be amended to provide that all assets of the plan be held in trust, or under one or more appropriate annuity contracts or custodial accounts, for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. As a result of this change, these plan assets are no longer property of the Town and will no longer be subject to the claims of the Town's general creditors.

Because the Town has little administrative involvement and does not perform the investing function for funds in the Plan, the Town's activities do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the fiduciary funds of a government.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS

Defined Contribution Plan:

The General Employees Retirement Plan is a defined contribution pension plan established by the Town to provide benefits at retirement for all current employees. Defined contribution plans have terms that specify how contributions to an individual's account are to be determined rather than the amount of pension benefits the individual is to receive. In a defined contribution plan, the pension benefits a participant will receive depend only on the amount contributed to the participant's account, earnings on investments of these contributions, and forfeitures of other participants' benefits that will be allocated to the participant's account. Plan assets are not considered the Town's assets; therefore, they are not included in the Town's basic financial statements. The Plan does not issue a stand alone financial report.

The Town is required to contribute 5% of the plan members' annual compensation and matches 50% of the employees' voluntary contributions under the deferred compensation plan, up to a maximum of 2.5% of participants' annual compensation. Total contributions for the year ended September 30, 2010 were \$142,480 by the Town and \$101,476 by the employees.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)

Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Town Commission, which may also terminate the Plan at any time, at its sole discretion.

Vesting of the City's contributions in the 401(a) plan commences after two years of service, with 20% vesting in year two and 20% each year thereafter until fully vested after six years. If an employee terminates before becoming fully vested, forfeited amounts will be reallocated to accounts of remaining participants as an additional employer contribution. Year of service begins upon an eligible employee successfully completing one year of service and having reached age 18 of service. A year of service is a computation period during which an employee is credited with at least 1,000 hours of service. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council. The Town's Finance Director is the plan administrator.

Defined Benefit Plan

The Town administers one single employer defined benefit pension plan that covers no current Town employees. The Retired Police Officers' Pension Fund (RPOPF) covers certain police retirees. The plan was established by the Town and administered by a separate board of trustees. The RPOPF plan is included as blended component unit in the financial statements of the Town of Lake Park as a pension trust fund. The plan does not issue stand alone financial reports.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: All pension fund financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

<u>Method Used to Value Investments</u>: Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

<u>Administrative Expenses:</u> Liability for future non-investment related expenses is the present value of the future anticipated expenses over the remaining UAAL amortization period based on expenses paid in the year preceding the valuation date.

<u>Post-retirement Benefits</u>: The Town offers continuation of health, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits to employees upon retirement. The cost of such benefits is paid by the retirees and the Town has no further liability for post-retirement benefits.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

<u>Defined Benefit Plans</u> (Continued)

The Retired Police Officers' Pension Fund

Effective October 1, 2001, the Palm Beach County Sheriff's Office (PBSO) was contracted to provide police services for the Town in connection with the transfer of Town police services to the PBSO, the active plan members of the plan were terminated and eligible for a lump sum payout. Effective November 20, 2002, the Town terminated the Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund and distributed lump sum payouts to the vested participants. On October 15, 2003, the Town established the Retired Police Officers' Pension Fund for the retirees covered by the original plan and transferred substantially all remaining assets of the original plan to the new plan in April 2004. Accordingly, at September 30, 2010 only five years of plan information was available for the Retired Police Officers' Pension Fund.

The plan is a substituted trust established on October 1, 2003 by Town Ordinance No. 13-2003 to provide the retired members of the previous defined benefit pension plan with the monthly retirement benefits that were accrued under the prior plan. Accordingly, the Retired Police Officers' Pension Fund covers only retirees and has no active plan members or employees of the Town that are eligible to participate and the provisions of the Retired Police Officers' Pension Fund as established by Town ordinance, do not address any provisions related to vesting, eligibility for retirement, future retirement benefits, other benefits, or employee contributions. Administrative expenses are financed as part of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The Town is required to contribute actuarially determined amounts sufficient to fund the plan. An actuarial valuation report had not been performed and completed as of October 1, 2007 and 2008. This report would have contained the contribution requirements for the plan years ended September 30, 2008 and 2009. A report was completed as of October 1, 2009, subsequent to September 30, 2010. The required contributions for the 2008, 2009, and 2010 fiscal years are recorded as a long term liability of the Town and an accounts receivable of the pension trust fund. At October 1, 2009, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the RPOPF included three service retirees and four disability retirees.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended September 30	Annual Required <u>Contribution</u>	Percentage Contributed
2008	\$ 19,189	100%
2009	20,725	100%
2010	47,889	100%

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

<u>Defined Benefit Plans</u> (Continued)

The Retired Police Officers' Pension Fund (Continued)

<u>Annual Pension Costs and Related Information</u>: The significant actuarial assumptions used in the most recent actuarial valuation of the Retired Police Officers' Pension Fund are summarized as follows:

Valuation date	October 1, 2009
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
	Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization method	Level dollar amount - closed
Remaining amortization period	15 years
Asset valuation method	Market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	8.0%
(Net of administrative expenses)	
Inflation rate	N/A
Projected salary increase	N/A
Post retirement COLA	N/A

Three Year Trend Information

	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Percentage of APC* Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2008	\$ 19,189	100%	
2009	20,725	100	
2010	47,889	100	

^{*} The Towns actuary is treating the unpaid contributions as a note receivable bearing interest, therefore there was no net pension obligation in the actuarial report.

Schedule of Funding Progress:

						Unfunded
		Actuarial				AAL
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued				as % of
Valuation	Value of	Liability	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
		·				
10/01/09	\$1,382,517	\$1,771,112	\$388,595	78.06%	N/A	N/A

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The RPOPF utilizes the entry age normal actuarial cost method to determine contributions to the Plan. The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTE 11 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 45 (GASB 45), Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective October 1, 2009. The Town elected to implement prospectively, and the change in accounting principle had no effect on changes in net assets/fund equity for prior periods. Retirees of the Town pay an amount equal to the actual premium for health insurance charged by the carrier, but there is an implied subsidy in the healthcare insurance premium for retirees because the premium charged for these retirees is the same as the premium charged for active employees, who are younger than retirees on average. This implied subsidy constitutes other postemployment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45.

Plan Description

The Town provides a single employer defined benefit health care plan to all of its employees. The plan allows its employees and their beneficiaries, to continue to obtain health, dental, vision and life insurance benefits upon retirement. The normal retirement age of Town employees is age 65. The benefits of the plan are in accordance with Florida Statutes, which are the legal authority for the plan. The plan has no assets and does not issue a separate financial report.

Funding Policy

The Town does not directly make a contribution to the plan on behalf of retirees. Retirees and their beneficiaries pay the same group rates as are charged to the Town for active employees by its healthcare provider. However, the Town's actuaries, in their actuarial valuation, calculate an offset to the cost of these benefits as an Employer Contribution, based upon an implicit rate subsidy. This offset equals the total age-adjusted costs paid by the Town or its active employees for coverage of the retirees and their dependents for the year net of the retiree's own payments for the year.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The annual required contribution represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

NOTE 11 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The annual OPEB cost and the net OPEB obligation for the Town for the current year and the related information is as follows:

Required contribution rates:

Employer	Pay-as-you-go
Plan members	N/A
Normal cost	\$ 13,821
Interest on normal cost	509
Amortization	6,123
Interest on amortization	276
Annual OPEB cost	20,729
Contributions made	(8,395)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	12,334
Net OPEB obligation October 1, 2009	
Net OPEB obligation September 30, 2010	\$ 12,334

Trend Information

Three-Year Trend Information					
		Percentage of			
Fiscal	Annual	Annual	Net		
Year	OPEB	OPEB Cost	OPEB		
End	Cost	Contributed	Obligation		
09/30/08	N/A	N/A	N/A		
09/30/09	N/A	N/A	N/A		
09/30/10	\$20,729	40.5%	\$ 12,334		

Funded Status

The funded status of the plan as of most recent actuarial valuation date was as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	10/01/2009
Actuarial accrued liability	\$ 104,222
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 104,222
Funded ratio	0.0%
Covered payroll	\$2,448,717
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	4.3%

NOTE 11 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are comparable with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. Because the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 was the year of implementation of GASB 45, only one year is presented in the schedule at this time. In future years, required trend data will be presented. The Town has not contributed assets to the plan at this time.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and includes the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial valuation date 10/01/2009
Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level percent of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period 30 years
Asset valuation method Unfunded
Actual assumptions:
Investment rate of return 4.5%
Healthcare cost trend 8% for 2010 decreasing to 5% in 2012

NOTE 12 - RESERVED FUND BALANCES

The Town has established reserves to account for that portion of fund balance that is not appropriable for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. The reserves for inventory, encumbrances, debt service, and advances to other funds are amounts that are not appropriable for expenditure. The reserves for capital projects are funds that are legally segregated for a specific future use.

NOTE 13 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Town, through an interlocal agreement with certain other municipalities and Palm Beach County, created the Seacoast Utility Authority ("Seacoast") which provides water and sewer service to the citizens of each of the participating municipalities and a portion of Palm Beach County. Seacoast's governing board is comprised of one member from each participating entity. Seacoast is an Independent Authority organized under the laws of the State of Florida, and the Town has no participating equity ownership in Seacoast. The Town paid \$73,840 to Seacoast during the fiscal year for water and sewer service.

NOTE 14 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance through the Florida League of Cities, Inc., a statewide commercial insurance program. The policy for comprehensive property, casualty and liability insurance provides coverage with a deductible of \$5,000 for property and casualty and \$25,000 for liability claims per occurrence, with a combined annual cap of \$2 million. The Town does not retain any risk of loss under this policy.

The Town has established a risk management program for workers' compensation where premiums are paid from each department to the Florida League of Cities who fully insures all claims to a statutory level. The Town does not retain any risk of loss under this policy. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. The amount of insurance settlements has not exceeded the Town's insurance coverage in any of the prior three fiscal years.

The Town currently reports all of its risk management activities in the Insurance Fund. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

NOTE 14 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by those agencies, principally the U.S. Department of Homeland Security and the State of Florida. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already received, might constitute a liability of the Town for the return of those funds.

Litigation

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of normal operations. Although the ultimate outcome of some of these lawsuits cannot be determined at the present time, it is the opinion of legal counsel that the likelihood of unfavorable outcome and the amounts of potential losses cannot be reasonably determined for all claims at this time.

NOTE 15 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

In governmental accounting, interfund loans are reported as interfund receivables in lender funds and interfund payables in borrower funds. There is no net effect in the governmental-wide financial statements. The current portion of the interfund loan is reported in the governmental funds as Due to and Due from other funds and the non-current portion is reported as Advance to and Advance from other funds. The composition of interfund balances at September 30, 2010, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Due to/from	Advance	<u> </u>
General Fund	CRA	\$ 841,081	\$	\$ 841,081
CRA	General Fund	1,091,081	56,538	1,147,619
General Fund	Non-major			
General Fund	governmental funds	13,100		13,100
Marina Fund	General Fund		2,050,000	2,050,000

At September 30, 2010, the General Fund owed the CRA Fund \$1,091,081 for unpaid incremental tax revenue from fiscal year 2000 to the present. (See Note 2.) The amount due to the CRA from the General Fund includes outstanding principal of \$390,019 and penalties and interest of \$701,062. The due to the General Fund from the CRA fund was for the purpose of land acquisitions and improvements in the CRA.

NOTE 15 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

The advance from the General Fund to the Marina Fund resulted from a cash overdraft in the Marina Fund's pooled cash and cash equivalents account.

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2010 are as follows:

Fund	Transfers in	Transfers out	
General Fund	\$ 308,779		
CRA		\$ 308,779	
General Fund	75,000		
Nonmajor Governmental		75,000	
General Fund	51,300		
Nonmajor Enterprise		51,300	
General Fund	5,001		
Marina Fund		5,001	
General Fund	225,000		
Sanitation Fund		225,000	
CRA	545,904		
General Fund		545,904	
Marina Fund	17,500		
General Fund		17,500	
Nonmajor Governmental	16,920		
General Fund		16,920	
Nonmajor Governmental	18,000		
Nonmajor Enterprise		18,000	
Nonmajor Governmental	2,912		
Nonmajor Governmental		2,912	

The transfer of \$308,779 from the CRA Fund to the General Fund included \$224,530 for principal and interest payments that the CRA fund agreed to reimburse the General Fund if the CRA Fund has sufficient available resources.

The transfer of \$545,904 from the General Fund to the CRA Fund included the following:

- a. Transfer of \$491,602 for the 2009 incremental tax obligation.
- b. Transfer of \$54,302 for interest for late payment of the incremental tax obligation. (See Note 2)

The transfers were also used to: reimburse the General Fund for shared administrative costs and make payment in lieu of taxes.

NOTE 16 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The General Fund provides the other funds with various management services. Administrative costs totaling \$60,000 for the Marina fund, \$106,325 for the Sanitation fund, \$49,925 for the CRA fund, and \$33,000 for the Stormwater Utility fund were charged for 2010.



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Pension Trust Funds Retired Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund

TOWN OF LAKE PARK, FLORIDA Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2010

Retired Police Officers' Pension Fund

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)- Entry Age (b)			Jnfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Fundec Ratio (a/b)		UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
10/1/2003 10/1/2004 10/1/2005 10/1/2006 10/1/2009	\$ 2,095,114 1,924,445 1,971,286 1,919,359 1,382,517	\$	2,177,473 2,156,800 2,030,035 2,061,642 1,771,112	\$	82,359 232,355 58,749 142,283 388,595	96.22% 89.23% 97.11% 93.10% 78.06%	6 N/A 6 N/A 6 N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A

Schedule of Employer and State Contributions

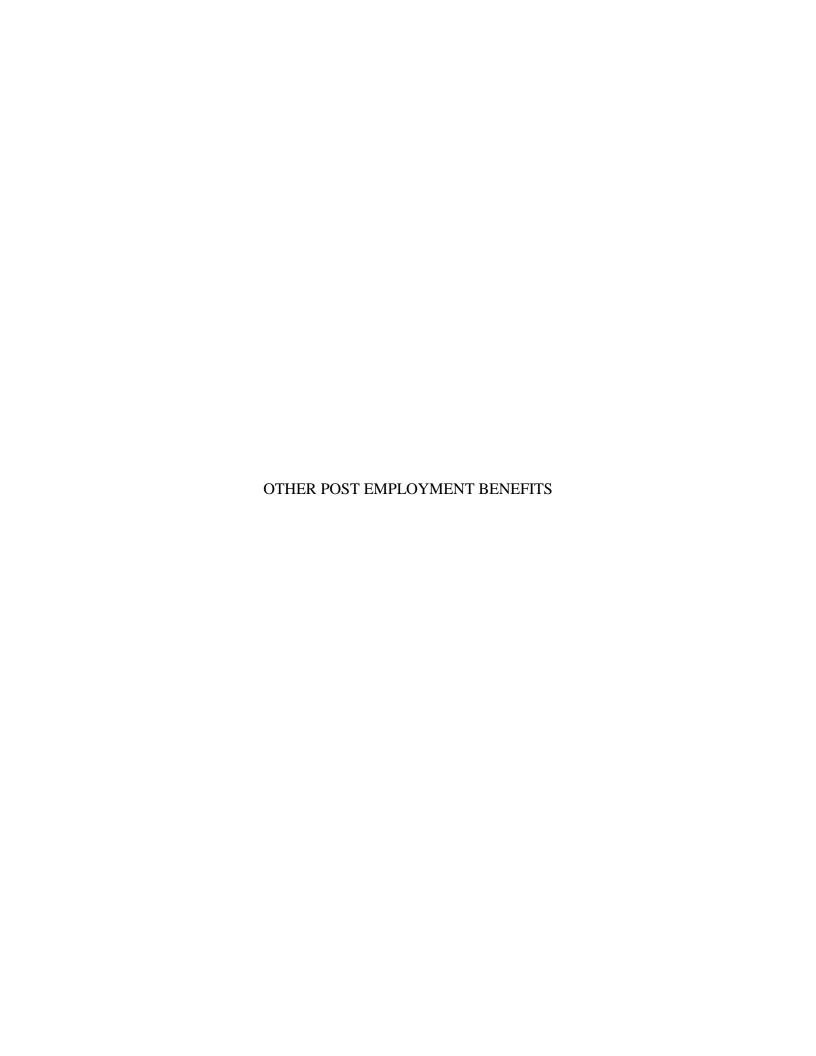
Fiscal Year Ended	R	Annual equired	_	Actual	State	Percentage
September 30	Cor	tribution	Cor	ntribution	Contribution	Contributed
2005	\$	26,482	\$	26,482		100.0%
2006		7,959		7,959		100.0%
2007		17,768		17,768		100.0%
2008		19,189		19,189		100.0%
2009		20,725		20,725		100.0%
2010		47,889		47,889		100.0%

Note 1: The Retired Police Officers' Pension Fund was established on October 1, 2003. The most recent actuarial valuation of the plan was at October 1, 2009. The fund is a substituted trust established to provide retired members of the predecessor Town of Lake Park Police Pension Plan with the monthly retirement benefits that were accrued under the former retirement plan. Accordingly, the plan includes only services retirees and has no active members, and receives no state money.

Note 2: An actuarial valuation report had not been performed and completed as of October 1, 2007 or 2008. These reports would have contained the contribution requirements for the plan years ended September 30, 2008 and 2009. A report was completed as of October 1, 2009 subsequent to September 30, 2010. Therefore the contributions for the 2008, 2009, and 2010 fiscal years are recorded as a long term liability of the Town and an accounts receivable of the pension trust fund.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Trend Data September 30, 2010

	Retired Police Officers' Pension Fund
Contribution rates as of 9/30/10:	
Town	N/A
Plan Members	N/A
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 47,889
Contributions Made	\$ 47,889
Valuation date	10/1/2009
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method
Amortized Method	Level dollar amount, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	15 Years
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumption:	
Investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses)	8%
Projected salary increase	N/A
Post Retirement cost of	N/A
living adjustments	N/A



TOWN OF LAKE PARK, FLORIDA Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2010

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a) Other Post Emp	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)- Entry Age(1) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
10/01/09	\$	\$ 104,222	\$ 104,222	0.0%	\$ 2,448,717	4.3%

The schedule of funding progress presented above will present multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. Because the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 was the year of implementation of GASB 45 and the Town elected to apply the statement prospectively, only one year is presented in the schedule at this time. In future years, required trend data will be presented. The Town has not contributed assets to the plan at this time.



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General Fund

For the year ended September 30, 2010

	Budgeted	l Amoi	ınts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original	111110	Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues	- 6						
Taxes							
General property taxes	\$ 4,698,410	\$	4,698,410	\$	4,689,300	\$	(9,110)
Franchise taxes							
Electricity	635,000		635,000		547,504		(87,496)
Gas	5,000		5,000		11,629		6,629
Solid Waste	10,000		10,000		10,735		735
Utility taxes							
Electricity	575,000		575,000		607,096		32,096
Water	130,000		130,000		138,113		8,113
Gas	30,000		30,000		26,175		(3,825)
Total taxes	6,083,410		6,083,410		6,030,552		(52,858)
					_		_
Licenses and permits							
Building permits	130,000		130,000		133,551		3,551
Alarm permits	7,500		7,500		16,515		9,015
Signage permits	15,000		15,000		13,950		(1,050)
Business tax receipts	350,000		350,000		339,292		(10,708)
Business tax confirmation	13,000		13,000		12,394		(606)
Cost recovery	40,000		40,000		7,496		(32,504)
Special event fees	500		500		425		(75)
Contractors fees	2,500		2,500		2,578		78
Total licenses and permits	 558,500		558,500		526,201		(32,299)
Intergovernmental revenues							
State shared revenues							
Local government sales tax	535,000		535,000		559,351		24,351
Local communication services taxes	500,000		500,000		464,184		(35,816)
State revenue sharing	220,000		220,000		223,804		3,804
Alcoholic beverage licenses	12,000		12,000		9,992		(2,008)
Motor fuel tax refund	7,600		7,600		9,909		2,309
County shared revenues							
County business tax	25,000		25,000		24,229		(771)
Grant revenues							
State aid to libraries	 11,650		11,650		7,675		(3,975)
Total intergovernmental revenues	\$ 1,311,250	\$	1,311,250	\$	1,299,144	\$	(12,106)
						((Continued)

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule -

General Fund For the year ended September 30, 2010

Variance with

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	 Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues (Continued)						
Charges for services						
Administrative fees						
Sanitation	\$	106,325	\$	106,325	\$ 106,325	\$
CRA		49,925		49,925	49,925	
Stormwater utility		33,000		33,000	33,000	
Marina		60,000		60,000	60,000	
Parking fees		205,000		205,000	40,396	(164,604)
Plan review fees		15,000		15,000	4,125	(10,875)
Parks and recreation		44,550		50,980	51,328	348
Other charges for services		5,700		5,700	7,894	2,194
Total charges for services		519,500		525,930	352,993	(172,937)
Fines and forfeitures						
Court fines		25,000		25,000	18,536	(6,464)
Code violations		60,000		60,000	35,851	(24,149)
Code violations - administrative cost		25,000		25,000	27,673	2,673
Parking violations		20,000		20,000	21,995	1,995
Alarm violations		6,000		6,000	7,425	1,425
Business tax penalties		10,000		10,000	8,238	(1,762)
Library fines		1,200		1,200	1,172	(28)
Total fines and forfeitures		147,200		147,200	120,890	(26,310)
Miscellaneous revenue						
Interest earnings		80,000		80,000	7,149	(72,851)
Interest earnings - tax collector		25,000		25,000	27,473	2,473
Unrealized gain on investments		•			15,979	15,979
Rent		39,555		39,555	45,080	5,525
Sale of surplus property					4,698	4,698
Sale of scrap material		1,000		1,000	969	(31)
Fuel reimbursement from Sheriff				111,765	111,765	
Reimbursement from Stormwater utility		68,000		68,000	70,125	2,125
Transfer from Streets and Roads		75,000		75,000	75,000	
Transfer from CRA		253,890		345,210	308,779	(36,431)
Transfer from Marina		30,000		30,000	5,001	(24,999)
Transfer from Stormwater		51,300		51,300	51,300	
Transfer from Sanitation		225,000		225,000	225,000	
Miscellaneous revenues		6,150		9,150	11,707	2,557
Total miscellaneous revenues		854,895		1,060,980	960,025	(100,955)
Balance brought forward		250,000		250,000	 	(250,000)
Total revenues	\$	9,724,755	\$	9,937,270	\$ 9,289,805	\$ (647,465)
						(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule -

General Fund

For the year ended September 30, 2010

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
(Continued)	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Expenditures				
General government				
Legislative				
Personal services	\$ 50,435	\$ 50,617	\$ 50,468	\$ 149
Operating expenditures	48,650	43,298	40,088	3,210
Total legislative	99,085	93,915	90,556	3,359
Town manager				
Personal services	298,200	297,570	291,697	5,873
Operating expenditures	8,280	9,805	7,680	2,125
Total town manager	306,480	307,375	299,377	7,998
Personnel				
Personal services	95,970	98,525	98,040	485
Operating expenditures	48,800	46,350	46,279	71
Total personnel	144,770	144,875	144,319	556
Town clerk				
Personal services	131,195	128,845	128,404	441
Operating expenditures	52,280	54,475	53,298	1,177
Debt Service	3,100	3,100	3,095	5
Total town clerk	186,575	186,420	184,797	1,623
Finance				
Personal services	368,570	362,695	358,751	3,944
Operating expenditures	83,880	89,755	89,408	347
Total finance	452,450	452,450	448,159	4,291
Legal				
Operating expenditures	178,000	185,670	185,667	3
Total legal	178,000	185,670	185,667	3
Information technology				
Personal services	98,305	94,830	94,651	179
Operating expenditures	57,875	51,750	50,005	1,745
Capital outlay	12,000	17,050	17,017	33
Total information technology	168,180	163,630	161,673	1,957
Non-departmental				
Debt service	314,595	380,245	380,210	35
Total non-departmental	314,595	380,245	380,210	35
Total general government	1,850,135	1,914,580	1,894,758	19,822
				(Continued)

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General Fund

For the year ended September 30, 2010

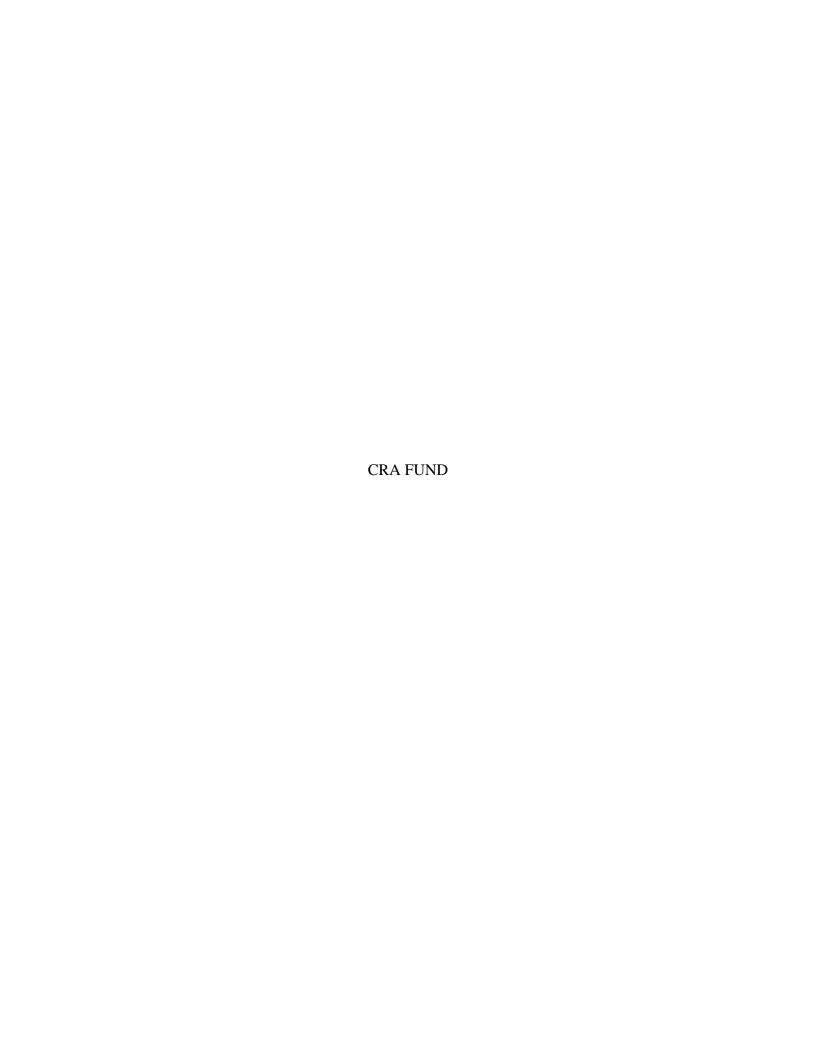
	Pudgotod	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Expenditures (Continued)	Originar	Tillai	Amounts	(regative)		
Public Safety						
Law enforcement						
Operating expenditures	\$ 2,794,475	\$ 2,909,085	\$ 2,908,413	\$ 672		
Disaster						
Operating expenditures	10,000	5,840	1,235	4,605		
Total disaster	10,000	5,840	1,235	4,605		
Fire department						
Operating expenditures	2,001,820	2,001,820	2,001,820			
Community development						
Personal services	404,685	396,530	389,575	6,955		
Operating expenditures	213,280	193,785	183,076	10,709		
Capital outlay						
Total community development	617,965	590,315	572,651	17,664		
Total public safety	5,424,260	5,507,060	5,484,119	22,941		
Physical environment						
Public works- administration						
Personal services	156,790	125,890	122,413	3,477		
Operating expenditures	17,335	45,305	45,177	128		
Capital outlay		900	879	21		
Total Public works- administration	174,125	172,095	168,469	3,626		
Public works- ground maintenance						
Personal services	293,665	285,290	284,802	488		
Operating expenditures	63,975	71,925	71,737	188		
Capital outlay		8,050	8,038	12		
Debt service	11,965	11,965	11,959	6		
Total public works- ground maintenance	369,605	377,230	376,536	694		
Vehicle maintenance						
Personal services	129,480	131,840	131,633	207		
Operating expenditures	44,250	41,890	35,989	5,901		
Total vehicle maintenance	173,730	173,730	167,622	6,108		
Total physical environment	717,460	723,055	712,627	10,428		
Transportation						
Facility maintenance						
Personal services	120,460	122,835	121,986	849		
Operating expenditures	212,995	198,700	198,596	104		
Capital outlay		3,620	3,600			
Total facility maintenance	333,455	325,155	324,182	973		
				(Continued)		

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General Fund

For the year ended September 30, 2010

Variance with

				Final Budget	
		Amounts	Actual	Positive	
T 15 (G 1 5	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Expenditures (Continued)					
Transportation (Continued)					
Parking facilities					
Personal services	\$	\$ 620	\$ 617	\$ 3	
Operating expenditures	14,075	28,180	28,131	49	
Capital outlay	,	12,565	12,554	11	
Debt service		32,280	32,277	3	
Total parking facilities	14,075	73,645	73,579	66	
Total transportation	347,530	398,800	397,761	1,039	
Culture and recreation					
Library					
Personal services	220,075	213,350	191,664	21,686	
Operating expenditures	90,750	97,700	77,772	19,928	
Capital outlay		3,075	3,070	5	
Total library	310,825	314,125	272,506	41,619	
Recreation					
Personal services	113,275	105,735	104,310	1,425	
Operating expenditures	77,300	91,490	84,089	7,401	
Debt service	8,765	8,765	8,763	2	
Total recreation	199,340	205,990	197,162	8,828	
Total culture and recreation	510,165	520,115	469,668	50,447	
otal expenditures	8,849,550	9,063,610	8,958,933	104,677	
Transfers out and other expenditures					
Transfer out CRA	504,260	545,910	545,904	6	
Transfer out CRA delinquent payments	250,000	250,000	343,704	250,000	
Transfer out Marina	250,000	17,500	17,500	250,000	
Transfer out Streets and roads	16,925	16,925	16,920	5	
Other	6,825	27,100	27,044	56	
Contingency, reserves and unappropriated	97,195	16,225	27,0	16,225	
Total transfers out and other expenditures	875,205	873,660	607,368	266,292	
Total expenditures and transfers	9,724,755	9,937,270	9,566,301	370,969	
Net change in fund balances	\$	\$	\$ (276,496)	\$ (276,496)	



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Community Redevelopment Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Des Jessée	-3 A	Astrol	Variance with Final Budget		
		ed Amounts	Actual	Positive		
_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 257,215	\$ 257,215	\$ 250,104	\$ (7,111)		
Charges for services	13,500	13,500	22,290	8,790		
Miscellaneous revenue	8,500	8,500	5,951	(2,549)		
Transfer from General Fund	754,260	754,260	545,904	(208,356)		
Balance brought forward	850,000	850,000		(850,000)		
Total revenues	1,883,475	1,883,475	824,249	(1,059,226)		
Expenditures						
General government	949,505	793,385	792,973	412		
Culture and recreation	74,900	77,135	51,156	25,979		
Economic environment	325,000	362,550	62,935	299,615		
Capital outlay		243,175	242,607	568		
Debt service	91,350	91,350		91,350		
Transfers	253,890	308,815	308,779	36		
Unappropriated	188,830	7,065		7,065		
Total expenditures	1,883,475	1,883,475	1,458,450	425,025		
Net change in fund balances	\$	\$	\$ (634,201)	\$ (634,201)		

TOWN OF LAKE PARK REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

NOTE A - BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

An appropriated budget has been legally adopted for the General Fund and Community Redevelopment Fund on the same modified-accrual basis used to reflect revenue and expenditures, except that for budgetary purposes, revenue includes proceeds from debt issuances, transfers from other funds, and proceeds from the sale of capital assets, and expenditures include encumbrances and transfers to other funds within each governmental function. The Town Commission approved budget amendments for the General Fund totaling \$212,515 during the year, which increased the original General Fund appropriations from \$9,724,755 to a revised total of \$9,937,270. For the Community Redevelopment Fund, approved budget amendments did not affect the total appropriations for the fund.

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the annual budget:

- 1. Prior to September 1, the Town Manager submits to the Town Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at the Town Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The Town advises the Palm Beach County Tax Collector's office of the proposed millage rate, the rolled back millage rate and the day, time and place of the public hearing for budget acceptance.
- 4. A public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer input and to adopt the final budget and millage rate.
- 5. The budget and related millage rates are legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. Effective for fiscal year ending September 30, 2009, a final operating budget and related millage rates are legally enacted through the passage of a resolution.
- 6. Changes or amendments to the total budgeted expenditures of the Town or a department must be approved by the Town Commission; however, changes within a department which do not affect the total departmental expenditures may be approved by the Town Manager. Accordingly, the legal level of control is at the department level.

TOWN OF LAKE PARK NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

NOTE A - BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (Continued)

7. All unencumbered balances lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The reported budgetary data represents the final appropriated budget after amendments adopted by the Town Commission. An appropriated budget is legally required and has been legally adopted for the General Fund, Community Redevelopment Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, Streets and Roads Special Revenue Fund, and the Insurance Internal Service Fund on the same modified-accrual basis used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures, except that for budgetary purposes, current year encumbrances are treated as expenditures and transfers in and transfers out are treated as revenues and expenditures, respectively. The operations of the Town's other funds are non-budgeted financial activities, which are not legally required to adopt budgets. Budgetary comparison schedules for the Debt Service Fund and Streets and Roads Special Revenue Fund, non-major funds, and the Insurance Internal Service Fund, a proprietary fund, are not required to be presented and may be found in Other Supplementary Information at pages 81 to 83.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year end, if any, are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. For budgetary purposes, current year encumbrances are treated as expenditures and any unencumbered balances lapse at year end.

NOTE B - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISONS

The budgetary comparison schedule - General Fund, from pages 70-74, and Community Redevelopment Fund, from page 75, are prepared under the basis of accounting used in preparing the appropriated budget. As indicated in Note A, for budgetary purposes, proceeds from the sale of capital assets are treated as revenues, and current year encumbrances are treated as expenditures. As a result, revenues and expenditures reported in the budget and actual statement differ from the revenues and expenditures reported on the GAAP basis. These differences are reconciled as follows:

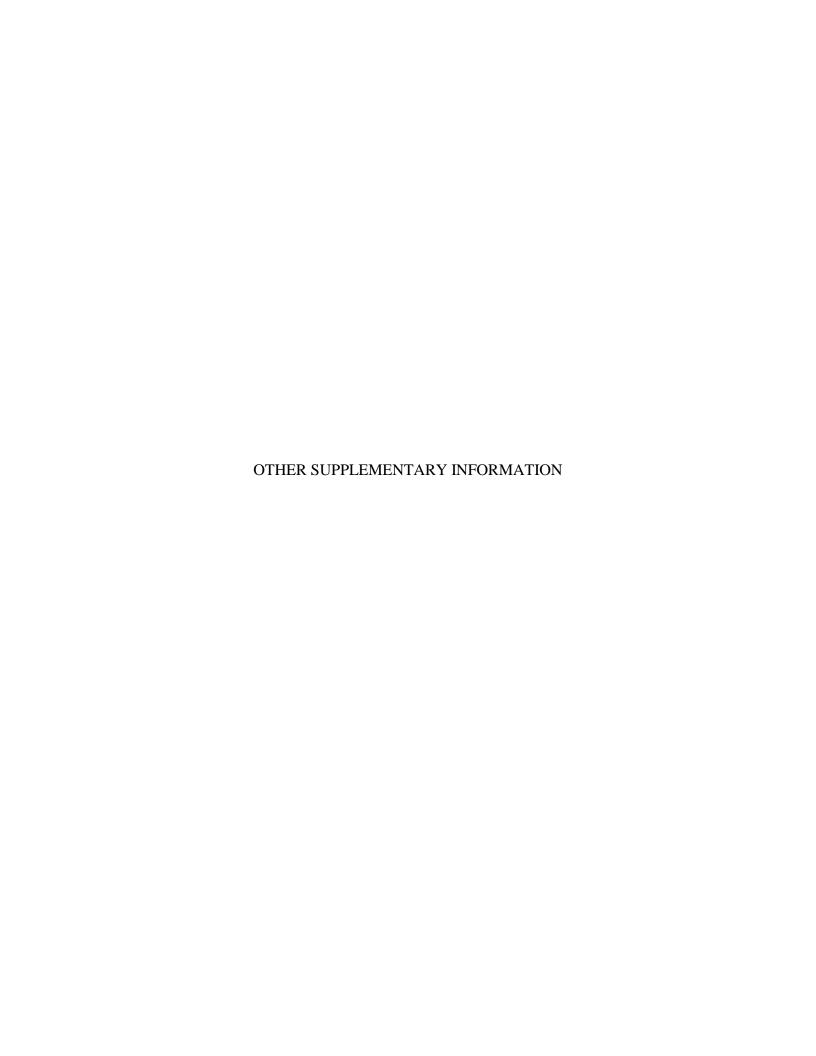
TOWN OF LAKE PARK NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

NOTE B - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISONS (Continued)

General Fund	Revenues	Expenditures
Current year encumbrances outstanding at year end	\$	\$ 62,849
Prior year encumbrances paid in the current year		(130,959)
Net encumbered amount		(68,110)
Transfers	665,080	580,324
Net differences – GAAP and budgetary basis	665,080	512,214
GAAP basis	8,624,726	9,054,087
Budgetary basis	\$ 9,289,806	\$ 9,566,301
Community Redevelopment Fund	Revenues	Expenditures
Current year encumbrances outstanding at year end	\$	\$ 55,812
Prior year encumbrances paid in the current year		(148,737)
Net encumbered amount		(92,925)
Transfers	545,904	308,779
Net differences – GAAP and budgetary basis	545,904	215,854
GAAP basis	278,345	1,242,596
Budgetary basis	\$ 824,249	\$ 1,458,450

NOTE C – EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

There were no expenditures in excess of appropriations.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Debt Service Fund

Special Revenue Funds Streets and Roads Fund

Capital Projects Funds Capital Projects Fund Special Projects Fund

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2010

				Special evenue						
				Fund		Capital Pro	oiects l	Funds		
	Debt Service Fund			reets & Roads Fund	P	Capital Projects nd Fund	Special Projects Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets	_		_				_		_	
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	85,715	\$	20	\$	18,260	\$	42,818	\$	146,813
Investments		1,187		10.000				20.022		1,187
Due from other governments	<u></u>	96.002	Φ.	18,903	Φ.	10.260	Φ.	29,023	ф.	47,926
Total assets	\$	86,902	\$	18,923	\$	18,260	\$	71,841	\$	195,926
Liabilities and fund balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$		\$	2,836	\$		\$	851	\$	3,687
Accrued items				2,184						2,184
Deferred revenue								46,464		46,464
Due to other funds				13,100						13,100
Total liabilities				18,120		_		47,315	'	65,435
Fund balances										
Reserved for/reported in:										
Debt service / Debt service fund		86,902								86,902
Unreserved										
Undesignated										
Special revenue fund				803						803
Capital projects fund						18,260		24,526		42,786
Total fund balances		86,902		803		18,260		24,526		130,491
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	86,902	\$	18,923	\$	18,260	\$	71,841	\$	195,926

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Special Revenue **Capital Projects Funds Fund** Debt Streets & Capital Special Total Nonmajor Projects Projects Service Roads Governmental **Bond Fund Fund Fund** Fund **Funds** Revenues 758,806 \$ \$ Taxes \$ \$ 758,806 44,703 389,385 Intergovernmental 344,682 Miscellaneous 1,926 2,040 114 758,920 344,682 46,629 1,150,231 Total revenues Expenditures Current 4,813 4,813 General government Transportation 226,346 226,346 Capital outlay 47,566 48,664 96,230 Debt service Principal 524,679 4,658 529,337 Interest charges 243,429 254 243,683 53,477 Total expenditures 768,108 278,824 1,100,409 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (9,188)65,858 (6,848)49,822 Other financing sources (uses) 34,920 2,912 Transfers in 37,832 Transfers out (75,000)(2,912)(77,912)(40,080) Total other financing sources (uses) (40,080)(2,912)2,912 (9,188)Net changes in fund balances 25,778 (2,912)(3,936)9,742 Fund balances - beginning (deficit) 96,090 (24,975)21,172 28,462 120,749 Fund balances - ending (deficit) 86,902 \$ 803 18,260 24,526 130,491

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	(Original		Final	A	mounts	(Negative)	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	769,900	\$	769,900	\$	758,806	\$	(11,094)
Investment earnings						114		114
Total revenues		769,900		769,900		758,920		(10,980)
Expenditures								
Debt service		769,900		769,900		768,108		1,792
Net change in fund balances -								
budgetary basis	\$		\$		\$	(9,188)	\$	(9,188)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Streets and Roads Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

							ance with	
	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Positive		
	Original		Final	A	Amounts	(N	egative)	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ 335,200	\$	335,200	\$	344,682	\$	9,482	
Transfer from General fund	16,925		16,925		16,920		(5)	
Transfer from Stormwater	16,925		16,925		18,000		1,075	
Total revenues	 369,050		369,050		379,602		10,552	
Expenditures								
Transportation	232,795		239,865		226,346		13,519	
Capital outlay	30,000		49,255		47,566		1,689	
Debt service	4,925		4,925		4,912		13	
Other	26,330		5					
Transfer to General fund	75,000		75,000		75,000			
Total expenditures	369,050		369,050		353,824		15,221	
Net change in fund balances -								
budgetary basis	\$ 	\$		\$	25,778	\$	25,773	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Internal Service Fund Insurance Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Insurance Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Contributed revenue	\$ 357,025	\$ 357,025	\$ 293,275	(63,750)
Miscellaneous revenue			7,780	7,780
Total revenues	357,025	357,025	301,055	(55,970)
Expenditures				
Personal services	357,025	357,025	289,964	67,061
Total expenditures	357,025	357,025	289,964	67,061
Net change in fund balances -				
budgetary basis	\$	\$	\$ 11,091	\$ 11,091



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Lake Park's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed unaudited information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statement, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Net Assets by Component Changes in Net Assets Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	84 85 89 90
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Governmental Funds Tax Revenues by Source General Government Revenue by Source Assessed Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections	92 93 95 96 98 99
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Pledged-Revenue Coverage	100 102 103
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.	
Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers	104 105
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.	
Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function Operating Indicators by Function/Program Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	106 107 108

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Assets by Component Last Seven Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Unaudited

	Fiscal Year						
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008		
Governmental activities							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ (2,042,578)	\$	\$ (1,219,252)	\$ 179,115	\$ 1,781,760		
Restricted	88,879	114,301	149,558	239,847	119,780		
Unrestricted	2,268,630	1,640,854	3,711,384	3,838,721	3,060,834		
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 314,931	\$ 1,755,155	\$ 2,641,690	\$ 4,257,683	\$ 4,962,374		
Business-type activities							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,957,744	\$ 3,666,688	\$ 4,240,204	\$ 4,461,916	\$ 4,066,900		
Restricted		292,141	61,648		(=00 =00)		
Unrestricted	2,094,262	904,990	996,718	146,230	(298,208)		
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 4,052,006	\$ 4,863,819	\$ 5,298,570	\$ 4,608,146	\$ 3,768,692		
Primary government							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ (84,834)	\$ 3,666,688	\$ 3,020,952	\$ 4,641,031	\$ 5,848,660		
Restricted	88,879	406,442	211,206	239,847	119,780		
Unrestricted	4,362,892	2,545,844	4,708,102	3,984,951	2,762,626		
Total primary government net assets	\$ 4,366,937	\$ 6,618,974	\$ 7,940,260	\$ 8,865,829	\$ 8,731,066		

	Fiscal Year					
	2009	2010				
Governmental activities						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 2,062,366	\$ 2,204,432				
Restricted	96,090	86,902				
Unrestricted	3,320,736	2,531,305				
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 5,479,192	\$ 4,822,639				
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 4,297,968	\$ 3,809,874				
Restricted	// 000 000	/ oo				
Unrestricted	(1,028,259)	(1,332,901)				
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 3,269,709	\$ 2,476,973				
Primary government						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 6,360,334	\$ 6,014,306				
Restricted	96,090	86,902				
Unrestricted	2,292,477	1,198,404				
Total primary government net assets	\$ 8,748,901	\$ 7,299,612				

Changes in Net Assets Last Seven Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Unaudited

			cal Year		
T.	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Expenses Governmental activities:					
	¢ 1215150	¢ 1.462.056	\$ 1,704,011	¢ 2.227.140	¢ 2.529.501
General government	\$ 1,315,158	\$ 1,462,056		\$ 2,237,149	\$ 2,538,501
Public safety	3,106,822	3,870,758	4,377,568	5,008,257	5,211,776
Physical environment	440,968	462,674	953,466	652,725	361,170
Transportation	531,581	559,433	820,777	573,501	683,463
Culture and recreation	887,990	1,052,857	1,242,254	1,450,650	1,161,870
Economic environmnet		254 520	221002	244022	***
Interest on long-term debt	367,469	351,729	334,083	314,933	320,280
Total governmental activities expenses	6,649,988	7,759,507	9,432,159	10,237,215	10,277,060
Business-type activities:					
Marina	118,893	216,922	1,143,506	1,610,274	1,902,634
Sanitation	1,040,062	1,321,437	1,245,151	1,283,851	1,355,926
Stormwater					
Total business-type activities expenses	1,158,955	1,538,359	2,388,657	2,894,125	3,258,560
Total primary government expenses	\$ 7,808,943	\$ 9,297,866	\$ 11,820,816	\$ 13,131,340	\$ 13,535,620
Program revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$ 392,336	\$ 415,029	\$ 504,806	\$ 33,232	\$ 40,726
Public safety	221,502	607,252	451,805	967,365	796,094
Physical environment	221,302	007,232	431,603	907,303	790,094
Transportation	44.670	20.017	40 471	40.252	57.775
Culture and recreation	44,670	38,817	48,471	49,352	56,775
Operating contributions and grants:	110 170	200 470	224.060	102.021	15.070
General government	118,178	200,470	324,969	103,021	15,879
Public safety		22.662	10.000	7,950	
Physical environment	4.0.00	22,662	10,000		
Transportation	463,685	748,968	810,226		
Culture and recreation	15,764			16,816	16,168
Capital contributions and grants:			16,437		
General government	76,697	327,408	226,097		
Public safety				3,435	8,637
Physical environment				40,000	
Transportation				15,709	91,533
Culture and recreation				306,858	225,100
Total governmental activities program revenues	1,332,832	2,360,606	2,392,811	1,543,738	1,250,912
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Marina	5,296	184,545	1,092,204	1,279,927	1,220,299
Sanitation	1,364,796	1,403,863	1,409,510	1,423,947	1,483,528
Stormwater	, ,	,,	,,.	, -,-	,,-
Operating contributions and grants					
Marina	210,807	22,098			
Sanitation	210,007	354,529	259,527		
Capital contributions and grants		337,327	237,321		
Marina		240,193		825	
Stormwater		240,173		023	
Total business-type activities program revenues	1,580,899	2,205,228	2,761,241	2,704,699	2,703,827
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 2,913,731	\$ 4,565,834	\$ 5,154,052	\$ 4,248,437	\$ 3,954,739
		· 			

Information prior to fiscal year 2004 is not available.

	Fisc	al Year
	2009	2010
\$	2,656,309	\$ 2,543,961
Ψ	5,421,845	5,723,360
	319,993	349,637
	659,113	600,669
	1,242,156	987,778
		32,063
	420,671	430,289
	10,720,087	10,667,757
	1,734,561	2,005,435
	1,430,694	1,412,372
	208,668	313,994
	3,373,923	3,731,801
\$	14,094,010	\$ 14,399,558
\$	43,756	\$ 58,700
ф		
	775,124	768,338
		40,396
	58,785	75,384
	11.620	15.026
	11,639	15,926
	4,295	3,379
	22,903	16,180
	160,597	43,250
	1,077,099	1,021,553
	1,077,099	1,021,333
	1,017,094	1,166,201
	1,401,682	1,510,419
	455,587	514,865
	110,276	
	95,755	4,246
	3,080,394	3,195,731
\$	4,157,493	\$ 4,217,284

Changes in Net Assets Last Seven Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Unaudited

	Fiscal Year							
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008			
Net (expense) revenue								
Governmental activities	\$ (5,317,156)	\$ (5,398,901)	\$ (7,039,348)	\$ (8,693,477)	\$ (9,026,148)			
Business-type activities	421,944	666,869	372,584	(189,426)	(554,733)			
Total primary government net expense	\$ (4,895,212)	\$ (4,732,032)	\$ (6,666,764)	\$ (8,882,903)	\$ (9,580,881)			
General revenues and other changes								
in net assets								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$ 3,711,359	\$ 4,251,570	\$ 5,066,005	\$ 6,262,727	\$ 6,156,686			
Franchise fees	473,764	518,641	631,811	629,365	630,215			
Utility service taxes	618,080	651,733	671,970	668,400	681,568			
Local option gas taxes	661,796			260,282	246,643			
Communication sales tax	500,277			539,562	505,783			
Intergovernmental, unrestricted	39,468	1,266,350	720,919	1,062,715	974,834			
Gain on sale of surplus property		17,140	39,629		26			
Miscellaneous revenue				24,658	38,971			
Investment earnings	64,028	133,691	532,902	306,398	174,117			
Transfers	(140,549)		262,647	75,000	321,996			
Total governmental activities	5,928,223	6,839,125	7,925,883	9,829,107	9,730,839			
Business-type activities								
Investment earnings	42,417	44,694	62,167	78,419	29,038			
Gain on sale of equipment		100,250		14,720				
Miscellaneous revenues				7,168				
Transfers	140,549			(75,000)	(321,996)			
Total business-type activities	182,966	144,944	62,167	25,307	(292,958)			
Total primary government	\$ 6,111,189	\$ 6,984,069	\$ 7,988,050	\$ 9,854,414	\$ 9,437,881			
Changes in net assets								
Governmental activities	\$ 611,067	\$ 1,440,224	\$ 886,535	\$ 1,135,630	\$ 704,691			
Business-type activities	604,910	811,813	434,751	(164,119)	(847,691)			
Total primary government	\$ 1,215,977	\$ 2,252,037	\$ 1,321,286	\$ 971,511	\$ (143,000)			

Information prior to fiscal year 2004 is not available.

Fiscal Year										
2009	2010									
\$ (9,642,988) (293,529)	\$ (9,628,204) (536,070)									
\$ (9,936,517)	\$ (10,164,274)									
\$ 6,827,668	\$ 5,448,106									
603,269	569,868									
690,743	771,384									
236,037	236,960									
539,808	464,184									
893,510	1,144,701									
	174									
102,096										
54,121	54,473									
212,554	281,801									
10,159,806	8,971,651									
7,100	16,780 8,355									
(212,554)	(281,801)									
(205,454)	(256,666)									
\$ 9,954,352	\$ 8,714,985									
\$ 516,818 (498,983)	\$ (656,553) (792,736)									
\$ 17,835	\$ (1,449,289)									

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) Unaudited

]	Fiscal Year				
_	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005
\$	9 381	\$	5 778	\$	8 617	\$	44 961	\$	177,971
Ψ	2,301	Ψ	5,776	Ψ	0,017	Ψ	44,701	Ψ	177,771
	162,832		844,854		1,590,425		1,879,919		2,672,593
\$	172,213	\$	850,632	\$	1,599,042	\$	1,924,880	\$	2,850,564
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
							88,879		114,301
	2,014,209		995,018						
					37,698				
	29,108								
	(107.647)						(0.4.0.42)		105 051
	(187,647)		61,951	-	(45,208)		(94,042)		135,371
\$	1,855,670	\$	865,839	\$	(8,265)	\$	(5,163)	\$	249,672
]					
_	2006				2000				
			2007		2008		2009		2010
			2007		2008		2009		2010
\$	135,074	\$	946,499	\$	1,379,773	\$	2,209,117	\$	2010 2,526,148
\$	135,074	\$	946,499	\$	1,379,773	\$	2,209,117	\$	2,526,148
\$		\$	946,499 151,963	\$	1,379,773 121,572	\$	2,209,117 28,814	\$	2,526,148 32,424
\$	135,074 3,138,613	\$	946,499	\$	1,379,773	\$	2,209,117	\$	2,526,148
\$		\$	946,499 151,963	\$	1,379,773 121,572	\$	2,209,117 28,814	\$	2,526,148 32,424
\$	3,138,613 3,273,687	\$	946,499 151,963 1,010,346 2,108,808	\$	1,379,773 121,572 686,285 2,187,630	\$	2,209,117 28,814 1,176,019 3,413,950	\$	2,526,148 32,424 510,773
	3,138,613		946,499 151,963 1,010,346		1,379,773 121,572 686,285		2,209,117 28,814 1,176,019		2,526,148 32,424 510,773
\$	3,138,613 3,273,687	\$	946,499 151,963 1,010,346 2,108,808	\$	1,379,773 121,572 686,285 2,187,630	\$	2,209,117 28,814 1,176,019 3,413,950	\$	2,526,148 32,424 510,773 3,069,345
\$	3,138,613 3,273,687	\$	946,499 151,963 1,010,346 2,108,808	\$	1,379,773 121,572 686,285 2,187,630	\$	2,209,117 28,814 1,176,019 3,413,950	\$	2,526,148 32,424 510,773 3,069,345
\$	3,138,613 3,273,687	\$	946,499 151,963 1,010,346 2,108,808	\$	1,379,773 121,572 686,285 2,187,630	\$	2,209,117 28,814 1,176,019 3,413,950	\$	2,526,148 32,424 510,773 3,069,345
\$	3,138,613 3,273,687	\$	946,499 151,963 1,010,346 2,108,808	\$	1,379,773 121,572 686,285 2,187,630	\$	2,209,117 28,814 1,176,019 3,413,950	\$	2,526,148 32,424 510,773 3,069,345
\$	3,138,613 3,273,687	\$	946,499 151,963 1,010,346 2,108,808 1,590,692	\$	1,379,773 121,572 686,285 2,187,630 2,754,260	\$	2,209,117 28,814 1,176,019 3,413,950 638,293	\$	2,526,148 32,424 510,773 3,069,345 241,608
\$	3,138,613 3,273,687 149,558	\$	946,499 151,963 1,010,346 2,108,808 1,590,692	\$	1,379,773 121,572 686,285 2,187,630 2,754,260	\$	2,209,117 28,814 1,176,019 3,413,950 638,293	\$	2,526,148 32,424 510,773 3,069,345 241,608
\$	3,138,613 3,273,687	\$	946,499 151,963 1,010,346 2,108,808 1,590,692	\$	1,379,773 121,572 686,285 2,187,630 2,754,260	\$	2,209,117 28,814 1,176,019 3,413,950 638,293	\$	2,526,148 32,424 510,773 3,069,345 241,608
	_	\$ 9,381 162,832 \$ 172,213 \$ 2,014,209 29,108 (187,647) \$ 1,855,670	\$ 9,381 \$ 162,832 \$ 172,213 \$ \$ \$ 2,014,209 29,108 (187,647) \$ 1,855,670 \$	\$ 9,381 \$ 5,778 162,832	2001 2002 \$ 9,381 \$ 5,778 \$ 162,832 844,854 \$ \$ 172,213 \$ 850,632 \$ \$ 2,014,209 995,018 29,108 (191,130) (191,130) (187,647) 61,951 \$ 1,855,670 \$ 865,839 \$	2001 2002 2003 \$ 9,381 \$ 5,778 \$ 8,617 162,832 844,854 1,590,425 \$ 172,213 \$ 850,632 \$ 1,599,042 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,014,209 995,018 37,698 29,108 (191,130) (755) (187,647) 61,951 (45,208)	2001 2002 2003 \$ 9,381 \$ 5,778 \$ 8,617 \$ 162,832 844,854 1,590,425 \$ \$ 172,213 \$ 850,632 \$ 1,599,042 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,014,209 995,018 37,698 29,108 (191,130) (755) (187,647) 61,951 (45,208) \$ 1,855,670 \$ 865,839 \$ (8,265) \$	2001 2002 2003 2004 \$ 9,381 \$ 5,778 \$ 8,617 \$ 44,961 162,832 844,854 1,590,425 1,879,919 \$ 172,213 \$ 850,632 \$ 1,599,042 \$ 1,924,880 \$ 2,014,209 995,018 37,698 29,108 (191,130) (755) (94,042) (187,647) 61,951 (45,208) (94,042) \$ 1,855,670 \$ 865,839 (8,265) \$ (5,163)	2001 2002 2003 2004 \$ 9,381 \$ 5,778 \$ 8,617 \$ 44,961 \$ 162,832 844,854 1,590,425 1,879,919 \$ 172,213 \$ 850,632 \$ 1,599,042 \$ 1,924,880 \$ \$ 2,014,209 995,018 37,698 29,108 (191,130) (755) (94,042) (187,647) 61,951 (45,208) (94,042) \$ 1,855,670 \$ 865,839 \$ (8,265) \$ (5,163) \$

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) Unaudited

	2001		2002		2003		2004
Revenues			 	-			
Taxes	\$	4,362,132	\$ 4,182,729	\$	4,536,447	\$	4,803,203
Licenses and permits		365,051	508,963		479,752		412,858
Intergovernmental		1,933,638	2,769,313		2,180,062		1,823,113
Charges for services		394,239	472,350		163,004		176,671
Fines and forfeitures		150,464	62,424		68,319		68,979
Miscellaneous		257,149	202,261		635,643		116,780
Total revenues		7,462,673	8,198,040		8,063,227		7,401,604
Expenditures							
General government		1,163,835	1,152,324		1,343,427		1,291,440
Public safety		3,519,712	3,545,800		2,915,117		3,069,983
Physical environment		275,769	272,708		342,981		355,001
Transportation		363,213	417,061		499,871		512,437
Culture and recreation		779,045	622,652		646,691		699,347
Economic environment							
Capital outlay		1,895,528	1,724,583		1,799,244		282,527
Debt service							
Principal		416,196	464,038		397,570		417,354
Interest		436,122	422,133		390,570		372,129
Other debt service charges							
Total expenditures		8,849,420	 8,621,299		8,335,471		7,000,218
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(1,386,747)	(423,259)		(272,244)		401,386
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		130,099	278,566		160,550		
Transfers out		(70,099)	(214,290)		(81,164)		(140,549)
Proceeds from sale of assets							226,870
Bonds issued							
Loan proceeds							
Capital lease obligations			 47,571				61,606
Total other financing							
sources (uses)		60,000	 111,847		79,386		147,927
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,326,747)	\$ (311,412)	\$	(192,858)	\$	549,313
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital							
expenditures	_	12.26%	 12.85%		12.06%		11.75%

	2005		2006		2007	2008			2009		2010
\$	5,556,457	\$	6,369,786	\$	7,286,723	\$	7,165,046	\$	7,825,211	\$	6,789,358
	786,175		567,044		695,726		579,519		529,487		526,201
	2,415,388		2,356,210		2,323,977		2,681,555		2,198,263		1,938,633
	161,681		239,705		254,759		295,517		293,756		375,283
	100,642		185,234		220,724		174,643		213,105		120,890
	162,248		600,715		421,268		250,799		184,381		302,937
	9,182,591		10,318,694	_	11,203,177		11,147,079		11,244,203	_	10,053,302
	1,451,403		1,594,394		1,701,253		3,267,652		2,361,396		2,432,667
	3,814,984		4,302,722		4,992,454		5,206,596		5,413,894		5,484,119
	357,690		835,987		551,320		368,740		287,322		308,366
	550,861		809,325		573,007		626,366		553,392		581,424
	806,050		940,868		1,330,674		1,039,190		1,087,407		858,955
											32,063
	116,093		1,008,895		1,126,772		2,699,269		2,369,922		490,174
	448,808		472,830		510,523		538,385		746,625		765,541
	356,611		339,199		320,294		308,481		397,670		442,783
							17,488		19,450		
	7,902,500	_	10,304,220	_	11,106,297		14,072,167		13,237,078		11,396,092
	1,280,091		14,474		96,880		(2,925,088)		(1,992,875)		(1,342,790)
			46,107		867,005		3,868,013		1,392,713		1,248,816
			(46,107)		(792,005)		(3,546,017)		(1,180,159)		(967,015)
	243,905		256,897		5,742		630		(-,,		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
							3,717,488		1,209,449		
_	84,453	_	103,185	_	_			_			
	328,358		360,082		80,742		4,040,114		1,422,003		281,801
\$	1,608,449	\$	374,556	\$	177,622	\$	1,115,026	\$	(570,872)	\$	(1,060,989)
	10.34%		8.74%		8.33%		7.46%		10.55%		11.08%
		_		_				_		_	

Governmental Funds Tax Revenues by Source Last Seven Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Unaudited

Fiscal Year			_			Communication Services Taxes			Sales Tax	_	Totals		
2004	\$	3,711,359	\$ 473,764	\$	618,080	\$	500,277	\$	661,796	\$	5,965,276		
2005		4,251,570	518,641		655,214		530,407		679,722		6,635,554		
2006		5,066,005	631,811		673,848		532,902		720,919		7,625,485		
2007		6,262,727	629,365		668,400		539,562		675,208		8,775,262		
2008		6,156,686	630,215		681,568		505,783		632,680		8,606,932		
2009		6,827,668	613,269		690,713		539,808		558,085		9,229,543		
2010		5,698,210	569,868		771,384		464,184		559,351		8,062,997		

Information prior to fiscal year 2004 is not available.

General Governmental Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) Unaudited

Fiscal Year	Taxes	Licenses and Permits	Inter- governmental	Charges for Services
2001	\$ 3,594,025	\$ 365,051	\$ 1,172,447	\$ 394,239
2002	3,418,867	508,963	1,843,363	472,350
2003	3,580,692	479,752	1,360,445	163,004
2004	3,954,690	412,858	1,402,673	176,671
2005	4,637,685	786,175	1,538,637	161,681
2006	5,861,265	566,508	843,445	239,705
2007	7,286,723	695,726	2,323,977	254,759
2008	7,165,046	579,519	2,681,555	295,517
2009	7,825,211	529,487	2,198,263	293,756
2010	6,030,552	526,201	1,299,144	352,993

Fiscal Year	F	Fines and orfeitures	Miscellaneous		Other linancing Sources	 Total	Annual Percentage Increase (Decrease)		
2001	\$	150,464	\$	125,894	\$ 60,000	\$ 5,862,120	(4.6) %		
2002		62,424		188,848	324,980	6,819,795	16.3 %		
2003		68,319		377,760	160,550	6,190,522	(9.2) %		
2004		68,979		88,775		6,104,373	(1.4) %		
2005		100,642		142,127		7,366,947	20.7 %		
2006		182,788		696,141		8,389,852	13.9 %		
2007		220,724		421,268		11,203,177	33.5 %		
2008		174,643		250,799	3,717,488	14,864,567	32.7 %		
2009		213,105		184,381	1,209,449	12,453,652	(16.2) %		
2010		120,890		294,946	665,080	9,289,806	(25.4) %		

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

		Real P	Propert	y		Centrally					Total		
Tax Year	Residential		Commerical		Personal Property		Assessed Property		ssessed Value or Operations	Direct Tax Rate		Total Taxable Value (1)	
						F J	_	<u>F</u> <u>J</u>				_	7 (2)
2001	\$	145,630,576	\$	123,636,530	\$	30,157,262	\$	730,032	\$	300,154,400	10.9914	\$	300,154,400
2002		160,685,977		129,724,663		33,497,336		732,819		324,640,795	10.9914		324,640,795
2003		175,705,535		139,504,494		36,001,397		859,592		352,071,018	10.8500		352,071,018
2004		213,547,796		175,020,828		38,469,559		897,274		427,935,457	10.2500		427,935,457
2005		275,026,756		197,918,997		38,469,559		897,274		512,312,586	10.1000		512,312,586
2006		343,048,900		277,146,764		43,072,903		899,238		664,167,805	9.3000		664,167,805
2007		362,447,556		319,364,915		50,439,255		1,038,292		733,290,018	8.5850		733,290,018
2008		317,287,667		324,380,752		43,278,568		2,033,244		686,980,231	9.6663		686,980,231
2009		223,053,149		310,344,797		44,930,557		1,338,599		579,667,102	9.9163		579,667,102
2010		177,057,371		251,733,749		43,531,640		1,200,814		473,523,574	10.2163		473,523,574

⁽¹⁾ Florida state law requires all property to be assessed at current fair market value. Accordingly, the estimated actual value is equal to the Total Assessed Value.

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Value Unaudited

Overlapping Property Tax Rates - (1) Town of Lake Park Property Tax Rates Palm Beach County General General **Fiscal Total Town Operating Obligation Operating Obligation Total County Debt Service** Millage Millage **Debt Service** Millage Year Millage 8.3914 4.9362 2001 2.7700 11.1614 4.6000 0.3362 2002 8.3914 2.6000 10.9914 4.5500 0.3851 4.9351 4.8084 2003 8.3500 3.0358 11.3858 4.5000 0.3084 2004 8.3500 2.5000 10.8500 4.5000 0.2910 4.7910 2005 8.3500 1.9000 10.2500 4.5000 0.2677 4.7677 2006 8.2000 1.9000 10.1000 4.4500 0.2700 4.7200 2007 8.0000 1.3000 9.3000 4.2800 0.1975 4.4775 2008 7.6350 0.9500 8.5850 3.7811 0.2002 3.9813 2009 8.5163 1.1500 9.6663 3.7811 0.1845 3.9656 2010 8.5163 1.7000 10.2163 4.3440 0.2174 4.5614

Note: All millage rates are based on \$1 for every \$1000 of assessed value

Source: Notice of Ad Valorem Taxes and Non-Ad Valorem Assessments

(1) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the Town of Lake Park. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Town property owners (i.e. The rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the government's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district.)

Overlapping Property Tax Rates - (1)

Palm Be	ach County School	District	Palm Beach	
	General	Total	County	
Operating	Obligation	School	Special	
Millage	Debt Service	Millage	Districts	Total
8.587	0.456	9.043	2.1856	27.3356
8.487	0.431	8.918	2.2630	27.2786
8.547	0.401	8.948	2.4558	27.3303
8.427	0.352	8.779	2.4883	27.4615
8.251	0.320	8.571	2.5557	26.7677
8.158	0.274	8.432	2.5257	25.9754
7.880	0.220	8.100	2.5085	25.4285
7.712	0.160	7.872	2.3254	23.9749
7.356	-	7.356	2.1308	22.0531
7.251	-	7.251	2.2569	23.1398
7.983	-	7.983	2.4934	25.2541

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago Unaudited

2010

		-010		
	Taxable Assessed Valuation	 Taxes	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxes Levied
Lake Park Owner LLC	\$ 18,204,896	\$ 155,038	1	2.69%
Wal Mart Stores East LP	14,711,613	125,289	2	2.18%
Congress Ave Properties LTD	13,742,029	117,031	3	2.03%
SC Lake Park Associates LLLP	11,442,526	97,478	4	1.69%
Lake Park Square Joint Venture	11,000,012	93,679	5	1.63%
Mullinax Ford of PBC, LLC	8,907,793	75,861	6	1.32%
Trust Lake Park LTD	8,500,000	72,359	7	1.26%
Northlake Square East LLC	7,159,545	60,973	8	1.06%
Earl Stewart LLC	7,056,135	60,092	9	1.04%
Twin Cities Investors Inc	6,823,514	58,111	10	1.01%
Totals	\$ 107,548,063	\$ 915,911		15.91%

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser.

	2001										
	Taxable Assessed Valuation			Taxes	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxes Levied					
WHCB Real Estate	\$	10,600,000	\$	318,931	1	9.86%					
Phillip D. Lewis		8,400,000		257,998	2	7.97%					
Nicholas B. Smith		7,289,135		207,507	3	6.41%					
New Plan Realty Trust		6,623,500		211,046	4	6.52%					
Twin Cities Investors Inc		5,826,528		115,269	5	3.56%					
Stuart Enterprise Inc.		5,373,812		100,938	6	3.12%					
Crescent Properties		3,164,000		96,453	7	2.98%					
Opabola Kasali O		2,839,131		70,122	8	2.17%					
All State Association of WP LLC		2,446,000		67,329	9	2.08%					
Fred Keller Trustee		1,836,977		60,621	10	1.87%					
Totals	\$	54,399,083	\$	1,506,214		46.54%					

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser.

Note: Assessed values are established by the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser's office as of January 1st of each year.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Amount of Current Taxes Collected (1)	Percent of Current Taxes Collected (1)	Amount of Delinquent Taxes Collected		
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	\$ 3,235,477 3,369,838 3,625,081 3,855,029 4,407,224 5,082,715 6,209,531 6,316,263 6,649,031 5,754,637	\$ 3,073,411 3,196,069 3,517,408 3,682,547 4,119,485 4,885,172 5,989,731 5,867,407 6,281,877 5,391,827	95.0 % 94.8 % 97.0 % 95.5 % 93.5 % 96.1 % 96.5 % 92.9 % 94.5 % 93.7 %	\$ 32,712 16,426 19,212 28,812 132,085 13,804 18,140 10,883 19,880 12,057		
	Total	Ratio of Total	Accumulated	Ratio of		
Fiscal	Collected	Taxes Collected	Delinquent	Delinquent Taxes		
Year	for the Year	to Current Levy	Taxes	to Current Levy		
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	\$ 3,106,123 3,212,495 3,536,620 3,711,359 4,251,570 4,898,976 6,007,871 5,878,290 6,301,757 5,403,884	96.0 % 95.3 % 97.6 % 96.3 % 96.5 % 96.4 % 96.8 % 93.1 % 94.8 %	\$ 110,002 134,200 158,510 144,146 144,146 145,225 145,225 145,225 145,225	3.4 % 4.0 % 4.4 % 3.7 % 3.3 % 2.9 % 2.3 % 2.3 % 2.2 % 0 %		

⁽¹⁾ Includes discount taken for early payment of property taxes.

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	-	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Lease Obligations	<u>-</u>	Loans Payable	Total Governmental Activities	Percentage of Taxable Value of Property	-	Per Capita(2)
2001	\$	8,754,434	\$ 129,803	\$		\$ 8,884,237	2.67%	\$	1,019.07
2002		8,393,364	58,285			8,451,649	2.78%		969.78
2003		8,015,113	22,609			8,037,722	1.90%		918.70
2004		7,618,861	63,113			7,681,974	1.47%		843.71
2005		7,203,749	113,870			7,317,619	1.40%		802.99
2006		6,768,877	179,097			6,947,974	1.08%		762.42
2007		6,313,300	124,150			6,437,450	0.88%		706.40
2008		5,836,031	63,034		3,717,488	9,616,553	1.40%		1032.48
2009		5,329,323	28,702		4,721,352	10,079,377	1.74%		1154.30
2010		4,804,644	9,767		4,498,425	9,312,836	1.97%		1066.52

Note: Details about the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) The Town does not have a legal debt margin

Business-type Activities Primary Government

Marina Revenue Bonds	Loans Payable				Total Business- type Activities		Total Primary Government		Population		Percent Of Average Household Income		Per Capita (2)	
\$	\$	1,435,830	\$	\$	1,435,830	\$	10,320,067	\$	8,718	\$	2.82%	\$	1,183.77	
		896,569			896,569		9,348,218		8,715		2.52%		1,072.66	
4,810,000					4,810,000		12,847,722		8,749		3.36%		1,468.48	
4,810,000			153,175		4,963,175		12,645,149		9,105		2.87%		1,388.81	
4,725,000			355,961		5,080,961		12,398,580		9,113		3.08%		1,360.54	
4,640,000			287,367		4,927,367		11,875,341		9,113		2.92%		1,303.12	
4,550,000			191,521		4,741,521		11,178,971		9,113		3.00%		1,226.71	
4,460,000		1,520,412	91,793		6,072,205		15,688,758		9,314		3.79%		1,684.43	
4,365,000		1,646,951	7,060		6,019,011		16,098,388		8,732		4.06%		1,843.61	
4,270,000		1,482,147	2,403		5,754,550		15,067,386		8,732		3.66%		1,725.54	

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2010 Unaudited

Governmental Unit Overlapping debt:		Debt Outstanding	Estimated (1) Percentage Applicable to Town of Lake Park	I	stimated (1) Share of Direct and verlapping Debt
Overlapping debt:					
Direct debt - Town of Lake Park					
General obligation bonds	\$	4,804,644	100%	\$	4,804,644
Obligations under capital lease		9,769	100%		9,769
Other debt					
Palm Beach County		250,470,000	0.684%		1,713,214
Palm Beach County School Board		29,555,000	0.684%		202,156
Total direct and overlapping debt					6,729,783
Estimated town population			_	8,732	
	\$	770.70			

⁽¹⁾ Estimates based on ratio of assessed taxable values.

Source: Finance Department, Town of Lake Park, Florida Palm Beach County Property Appraiser School Board of Palm Beach County

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Marina Revenue Bonds

Fiscal Year	_	Gross evenue	_	erating bense (1)	A	Revenue vailable for ot Service	Debt rvice (2)	Coverage		
2001	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$ N/A	N/A		
2002		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A		
2003		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A		
2004		247,172		81,465		165,707	231,625	0.72		
2005		234,161		192,934		41,227	316,625	0.13		
2006	1,	098,735		812,296		286,439	314,925	0.91		
2007	1,	285,288	1	,075,249		210,039	316,525	0.66		
2008	1,	,222,835	1	,240,785		(17,950)	313,600	(0.06)		
2009	1,	018,448	1	,029,912		(11,464)	315,900	(0.04)		
2010	1,	184,628	1	,271,621		(86,993)	313,050	(0.28)		

- (1) Expense is exclusive of depreciation.
- (2) Includes principal and interest of revenue bonds only.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Fiscal Year	Population (1)(2)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Average Household Income (2)	Median Age (2)	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling	School Enrollment (3)	Unemploy- ment Rate (2)
2001	8,718	N/A	41,907		N/A	515	5.5%
2002	8,715	N/A	42,430		N/A	515	5.5%
2003	8,749	N/A	43,626		N/A	516	6.3%
2004	9,105	N/A	48,380		N/A	482	5.7%
2005	9,113	N/A	44,050	-	N/A	430	4.2%
2006	9,113	N/A	44,518	-	N/A	386	3.7%
2007	9,113	16,485	40,864	35	N/A	420	4.0%
2008	9,314	16,485	44,397	35	N/A	392	6.4%
2009	7,898	19,939	45,458	36	N/A	344	11.7%
2010	8,783	20,185	47,108	36	N/A	374	11.7%

Data Sources:

- (1) The population for 1997 through 2000 and 2003 through 2006 was obtained from the University of Florida, Bureau of Economic Business Administration. The population for 2001 and 2002 was obtained from the 2000 U.S. Census Bureau count.
- (2) Business Development Board of Palm Beach County. Data is for the Town of Lake Park
- (3) Lake Park Elementary

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago Unaudited

		2010			2001	
			Percentage of Total Town			Percentage of Total Town
	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Employer						
Palm Beach County School District	21,718	1	N/A	18,000	1	N/A
Palm Beach County	11,381	2	N/A	9,000	2	N/A
Tenet Healthcare Corp.	5,127	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hospital Corporation of America	4,150	4	N/A	2,300	7	N/A
Florida Power & Light (Headquarters)	3,658	5	N/A	2,300	8	N/A
Wackenhut	3,000	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Florida Atlantic University	2,776	7	N/A	1,500	9	N/A
Betheseda Memorial Hospital	2,300	8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Veterans Health Administration	2,205	9	N/A	1,500	N/A	N/A
Boca Raton Community Hospital	2,200		N/A	1,850	10	N/A
Totals	58,515		N/A	N/A		N/A

Source: Business Development Board of Palm Beach County. Data is for the West Palm Beach to Boca Raton metropolitan area.

N/A: Not available.

Full-Time Equivalent Town Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

-	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
General government										
Town Manager	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Personnel	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1
Town Clerk	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4
Information technology	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety										
Police	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fire	12	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Community development	5	4	4	4	5	5	7	8	7	5
Physical Environment										
Public works	7	6	6	5	7	8	9	11	11	7
Vehicle maintenance	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Transportation										
Transportation	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
Culture and Recreation										
Library	5	5	5	5	3	3	6	6	1	2
Park maintenance	6	6	6	6	6	6	8	8	6	5
Recreation	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	1	1
Marina	5	5	-	1	5	5	5	5	3	3
Sanitation	9	9	8	8	8	8	10	8	10	11
Total	102	62	48	48	53	55	65	64	55	48

Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Nine Fiscal Years
Unaudited

Function	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Public Safety									
Community development									
Code violations	737	865	960	1,571	1,534	1,612	1,722	1,026	638
Building permits issued	898	1,261	861	1,784	1,140	841	841	651	590
Value of permits (in thousands)	33,860	24,600	16,796	37,679	20,121	24,835	189,451	5,860,000	6,598,222
Transportation									
Street resurfacing (miles)	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	-	1	0	-
Pot holes repaired	NA	NA	NA	NA	70	215	160	160	232
Culture and Recreation									
Library									
Circulation	29,251	30,791	28,788	24,972	23,021	26,789	23,296	23,316	23,316
Programs offered	164	195	190	467	430	434	468	434	434
Park maintenance									
Acres of parks	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69
Recreation									
Recreation programs offered	6	9	8	10	12	18	15	9	7
Recreation program attendance	174	307	289	304	394	431	419	305	315
Youth athletic participants	-	20	15	185	210	263	241	125	150
Marina									
Available slips	224	(1)	(1)	103	103	103	103	103	103
Sanitation									
Residential customers	316	363	377	369	357	3,698	3,698	3,596	3,645
Commercial customers	300	300	300	300	300	367	275	272	264
Refuse collected (tons)	10,904	44,257	11,610	12,685	11,381	9,222	9,260	9,178	9,293
Recyclables collected (tons)	371	310	248	283	282	573	655	645	627

Sources: Town departments

Note: Data is not available for fiscal years prior to 2002

N/A: Not available.

⁽¹⁾ Marina was under construction and closed during these years.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Nine Fiscal Years
Unaudited

Function/Program	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Public Safety (contracted to Palm									
Beach County)									
Police Station - County	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Station - County	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transportation									
Roads & Streets									
Street Lights	300	300	300	331	331	331	340	340	340
Lane Miles	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Culture and Recreation									
Marina									
Wet Slips	224	0	0	103	103	103	103	103	103
Library									
Books	25,521	26,430	28,048	29,582	30,413	28,257	33,233	33,710	33,710
Leisure Services									
Ballfields - lighted	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Basketball courts	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Soccer fields	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	2	2	2	2	2	6	6	6	6
Parks	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6
Sanitation									
Garbage Trucks	8	8	8	8	8	10	14	13	13

Water/Sewer

(Provided by Seacoast Utility)

Source: Town Departments, Town of Lake Park, Florida





NOWLEN, HOLT & MINER, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

BELLE GLADE OFFICE 333 S.E. 2nd STREET POST OFFICE BOX 338 BELLE GLADE, FLORIDA 33430-0338 TELEPHONE (561) 998-5612 FAX (561) 998-6248

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Commission Town of Lake Park, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Lake Park, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Town of Lake Park, Florida's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 10, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Lake Park, Florida's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lake Park, Florida's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lake Park, Florida's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified one deficiency in internal control over financial reporting described below that we consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

2001-1: Written Policies and Procedures

While the Town has made improvements in strengthening the internal control system and in communicating to the employees their responsibilities in the system, there has been no formal documentation or codification of the current policies and procedures. Written procedures, instructions, and assignments of duties will prevent or reduce misunderstandings, errors, inefficiencies, duplicated or omitted procedures, and other situations that can result in inaccurate or untimely accounting records. A well-devised accounting manual can also help to ensure that all similar transactions are treated consistently, that accounting principles used are proper, and that records are produced in the form desired by management. A good accounting manual should aid in the training of new employees. Although developing the manual will take some time and effort, we believe this time will be more than offset by time saved later in training and supervising accounting personnel. Also, in the process of the comprehensive review of existing accounting procedures for the purpose of developing the manual, management might discover procedures that can be eliminated or improved to make the system more efficient and effective.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Lake Park, Florida's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the Town of Lake Park, Florida in the attached management letter dated May 10, 2011.

The Town of Lake Park, Florida's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the attached letter dated June 1, 2011. We did not audit Town of Lake Park, Florida's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Town Commission, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Nowlen, Holt 4 Mines, P.A.

May 10, 2011 West Palm Beach, Florida



NOWLEN, HOLT & MINER, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Commission Town of Lake Park, Florida BELLE GLADE OFFICE 333 S.E. 2nd STREET POST OFFICE BOX 334 BELLE GLADE, FLORIDA 33430-0334 TELEPHONE (561) 988-684

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Town of Lake Park, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated May 10, 2011.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated May 10, 2011, should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, which governs the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida. This letter includes the following information, which is not included in the aforementioned auditor's report.

PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS

The Rules of the Auditor General require that we address in the management letter, if not already addressed in the auditor's report on compliance and internal controls or schedule of findings and questioned costs, whether or not recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report have been followed.

As noted in the report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters, Item 2001-1, *Written Policies and Procedures*, is a prior year comment that continues to apply. One other prior year comment as noted below continues to apply.

2007-6: Accounting for contractual and legal obligations to pay

At September 30, 2010, the General Fund owed the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) Fund \$1,091,081 for unpaid incremental tax revenue dating back to fiscal year 2000. Starting in the 2008 fiscal year the Town has paid the current year's incremental tax revenue, as well as payments totaling \$1,000,000 towards the past due balance. The penalties and interest for the outstanding balance will continue to accrue until all obligations are met. We recommend that the Town continue to make provisions to repay the amount owed in a timely manner to diminish the additional expense of penalties and interest.

CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS

2010-1 Pension Contributions

The Retired Police Officers' Pension Board did not have an actuarial report prepared as of October 1, 2007 or 2008. This report would have contained the contribution requirements for the plan years ended September 30, 2008 and 2009. A report was completed as of October 1, 2009, subsequent to September 30, 2010. The required contributions for the 2008, 2009, and 2010 fiscal years are recorded as a long term liability of the Town and an accounts receivable of the pension trust fund. We recommend that actuarial valuations be timely completed so that the appropriate pension contributions may be made.

Investment of Public Funds

Rules of the Auditor General, requires our audit to include a review of the Town's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds. The results of our procedures did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, by the Town of Lake Park, Florida for the year ended September 30, 2010.

Violations of Contracts and Grant Provisions or Abuse

Rules of the Auditor General, require that we address violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but more than inconsequential. In connection with our audit for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, we did not have any such findings.

Matters Inconsequential to the Financial Statements

Rules of the Auditor General, provides that the auditor may, based on professional judgment, report the following matters that have an inconsequential to the financial statements, considering both quantitative and qualitative factors: (1) violations provisions of contracts or grant agreements, fraud, illegal acts, or abuse; and (2) deficiencies in

internal control that are not significant deficiencies. In connection with our audit for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, we did not have any such findings.

Oversight Unit and Component Units

The Town of Lake Park, Florida, is a municipal corporation incorporated in 1923 pursuant to by the Laws of Florida, Chapter 61-2375. Based upon the application of criteria defined in publications cited in Chapter 10.553, Rules of the Auditor General, the Town has determined that there are no component units related to the Town.

Consideration of Financial Emergency Criteria

Rules of the Auditor General, requires a statement be included as to whether or not the local government entity has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, the results of our procedures did not disclose that the Town of Lake Park, Florida has met any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1) during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010.

Financial Condition Assessment Procedures

Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply financial condition assessment procedures. In connection with our audit, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provide by management. The results of our procedures did not disclose any matters that are required to be reported.

Annual Financial Report

Rules of the Auditor General requires that we determine whether the annual financial report for the Town of Lake Park, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. In connection with our audit, we noted that the two reports were in substantial agreement.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

There were no departments that had expenditures in excess of appropriations.

The Town of Lake Park, Florida's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the attached letter dated June 1, 2011. We did not audit Town of Lake Park, Florida's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to indicate that this letter is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Town Commission, federal and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and the Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Nowlen, Holt 4 Miner, P.A.

May 10, 2011 West Palm Beach, Florida



June 1, 2011

The Honorable Mayor, Vice-Mayor, Town Commissioners and Town Manager

RE: Response to the Report on Internal Control and the Management Letter required by the Rules of the Auditor General for the State of Florida for the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2010.

I have received a copy of the Report on Internal Control and the Management Letter and offer the following responses:

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

2001-1: Written Policies and Procedures

The entire re-write of the Handbook of Procedures for Employees (Employee Handbook) required hundreds of staff hours to complete over the course of two fiscal years. Many new policies were established and old ones were updated. Payroll procedures were standardized among departments and leave policies were implemented. Written procedures for many other functions of the Finance Department have been partially drafted. Due to the extensive nature of this undertaking and the limited staff within the Finance Department, the Town will consider appropriating funds to engage an outside consultant to assist with the development of a formal accounting policies and procedures manual. This will be a significant undertaking and due to budget constraints will probably not be completed during the current fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT LETTER

PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS

2007-6: Accounting for contractual and legal obligations to pay

Current year obligations have been paid timely in accordance with statutory requirements. As noted, the Town has begun to pay the delinquents amounts due the CRA and will continue to do so annually until paid in full.

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CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS

2010-1 Pension Contributions

Chapter 112, Florida Statutes require that an actuarial valuation be completed at least every three years. A report as of October 1, 2009 was completed and presented to the Board in April 2011. The required contributions for the years 2008-2010 have been determined and a letter has been sent to the State with the Town's recommendation for funding these contributions in a timely, fiscally responsible manner. The Plan is in compliance with the statute, however due to market volatility in recent years, the Board has directed that an actuarial valuation be done each year so that the required contributions can be determined annually and budgeted for in a responsible manner. The actuary is currently working on the valuation as of October 1, 2010 and should be complete by July 2011. The required contribution identified from this valuation will be made this fiscal year.

Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Anne M. Costello

Cincom Costallo

Finance Director